

ESCUELA TÉCNICA SUPERIOR DE INGENIERÍA

GENERAL INFORMATION

Course information						
Name	Biomedical Electronics					
Code	DEA-OPT-624					
Degree	MII, MITL					
Year	2º					
Semester	2º / Spring					
ECTS credits 3 ECTS						
Туре	Elective					
Department	Electronics, Control Engineering and Communications					
Area	Analog electronics					
Coordinator	Romano Giannetti					

Lecturer				
Name	Romano Giannetti			
Department	Electronics, Control Engineering and Communications			
Area	Analog Electronics			
Office	D-209			
e-mail	romano@comillas.edu			
Phone				
Office hours	Arrange an appointment through email.			
Lecturer				
Name				
Department				
Area				
Room				
e-mail				
Tutorial				
timetable				

DETAILED INFORMATION

Contextualization of the course

Contribution to the professional profile of the degree

The course is aimed to provide to the students the basic knowledge required to undertake the study of electronic systems used in medical field, and the associated instrumentation.

When students have finished out the course, they will understand the basic principles governing the generation and emission of signals in and from the human body, the basics of safety regulations in designing biomedical systems and the techniques and electronic principles on which are based the instruments used in medical field. This will provide the ability to decide on the selection, purchase and installation of these systems in a hospital or clinic environment. Additionally, the student will have a foundation on which they can build up more knowledge in order to be able to participate in the design and implementation of biomedical systems.

Prerequisites

The prerequisites that students must have to fruitfully follow the course are the basic concepts of analog electronics: basic amplifiers and operational amplifiers, concept of signal and bias, frequency response, filter circuits, basic electromagnetic fields principles. In addition they should have a working knowledge of the mathematical methods used in the design and analysis of the above electronic systems: concepts of signals and their spectra, use of complex impedances, frequency analysis of circuits.

CONTENTS

Contents

Part 1: Theoretical fundaments

Section 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Historical introduction; the evolution of medical instrumentation.

- **1.2** Physiology of signals produced by the human body.
- 1.3 Body Electromagnetic field interaction.

Section 2: ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS

2.1 Instrumentation and differential amplifiers.

- 2.2 Digital instrumentation: analog-to-digital conversion and back.
- 2.3 Noise and extraneous signals pick-up; analysis and countermeasures.
- 2.4 Electrodes and examples of biomedical sensor.

Section 3: SAFETY AND PROTECTIONS

2.1 Safety in biomedical instrumentation; classes of instruments.

- 2.2 Insulation amplifier.
- 2.3 Circuit breakers and safety systems.
- 2.4 Uninterrupted power supply systems.

Part 2: APPLICATIONS

Section 4: DETAILS ON SPECIFIC INTRUMENTATION – a student-select subset of the following:

- 4.1 Electrocardiography.
- 4.2 Ultrasonography.
- 4.3 Biomaterials and biomechanics.
- 4.4 Cardiac assistance systems.
- 4.5 Electroencephalography
- 4.6 NMR (nuclear magnetic resoncance).
- 4.7 Tomography.
- 4.8 Other systems proposed by the students

Competences and Learning Outcomes

Competences General Competences

- CG3. The capability of adapting to new theories, methods and changing engineering situations based on a sound technical training.
- CG4. The capability of solving problems with personal initiative, efficient decision making, critical reasoning and transmitting technical information in the engineering world.
- CG5. The capability of conducting measurements, calculations, assessments, studies, reports, planning, etc.
- CG10. The ability to work in a multilingual and multidisciplinary environment.

Basic Competences

Specific Competences

Learning outcomes

- RA1. The student understands how electrical signals are generated in the human body, and how to pick them up.
- RA2. The student has a basic knowledge of the sensors used to translate biological quantities in electrical signals.
- RA3 The student is able to assess the effect that a current can have on the body given its characteristics (intensity, frequency, duration).
- RA4.The student know the risks associated with the electrical stimulation of body tissues.
- RA5. The student understands the concept of differential/instrumentation amplifier, and is able to apply that knowledge both in analyzing a given circuit and to find out the characteristics of the amplifier given the specific problem.
- RA6. The student understands the concept of Digital to Analog conversion, its feature and limitation, and understands the meaning of the related parameters (bits, dynamic range, linearity, quantization noise, etc.).
- RA7. The student understands the concept of noise and interference pick-up, and is able to calculate the effect of noise in an electronic system.
- RA8. The student has a basic knowledge of the safety norms in biomedical instrumentation design, and their application.
- RA9.The student knows the design solutions oriented toward safety, such as insulation amplifiers, breakers, safety alarms and uninterrupted supply systems.
- RA10. The student is able to find information about a biomedical instrument, analyze and understand it, and explain its working principles to the other students.

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

General methodological aspects

The course will be divided in two parts, partly overlapping in time. The teacher will explain the basics of the subject and will go in depth in the more important issues, proposing exercises and quizzes for the student to solve in class in a collaborative way. After the first third of the course is completed, the students will form groups and each one will research a specific application, which will present to the rest of the class in the last third of the course.

In-class activities

- **1.- Expository lesson (11h)**: The instructor will explain the fundamental concepts, stressing the most important issues. At all time an active participation will be required to the student, by asking questions, posing problems, and stimulating open discussion.
- 2.- Problem-solving sessions (4h): The professor will propose a problem, and the students, organized in small informal groups, will solve it under the instructor's supervision.
- **3.-** Supervised group work (6h): The students, organized in groups, will research and study a specific biomedical instrument under the lecturer's supervision, and prepare a presentation for the rest of the class.
- **4.- Presentations (4h):** the students, organized in groups, will explain to the rest of the class the working of a specific biomedical instrumentation system.
- 5.- Tutoring (3h): review sessions and additional tutoring, which will be organized when needed, on a per-group and/or per-student base.
- 6.- Evaluation (2h): quizzes and one mid-term exam.

Off-class activities

At-home work will be focused on the objective to learn to solve problems oriented to biomedical instrumentation systems design and to learn to understand complex system and prepare to explain them to other people.

So the main at-home activities will be:

- 1.- Personal, individual study of the course materials and books. (44h)
- 2.- Research about medical instrumentation using the proposed bibliography and other sources. (12h)
- 3.- Preparation of the presentations to explain the specific instrument chosen by the group. (4h)

ASSESSMENT AND GRADING CRITERIA

Assessment activities	Grading criteria	Share			
Full tests:Mid-term examFinal exam	 Check the full understanding of the theoretical concepts. Problem-solving, applying the concepts. Critical evaluation of the results of numerical exercises. Written communication skills. 	60%			
The grade on the final exam mus	t be at least 4 (over 10) to pass the course.				
Bi-weekly (approx.) evaluation:continuous evaluation quizzes:	- Same as above, in small tests of 15 minutes or less.	10%			
 Presentations: Evaluation of the written material developed by the group Evaluation of the quality of the oral presentation 	 Full understanding of the concept. Skills in selecting the important part of the information Summarizing and highlighting the main features of the systems. Group work skills. Oral presentation skills. 	30%			
There will be an inter-group evaluation method to differentiate among members of the					

same group.

GRADING AND COURSE RULES

Grading Regular assessment

In the ordinary assessment period, the final grade will be obtained as follow: • 60% will be the exams grade (30% mid-term, 30% final). The grade on the final exam must be at least 4 (over 10) to pass the course, independently from the other marks.

- •10% from the continuous evaluation quizzes.
- 30% from the presentation.

In the extraordinary period, the final grade will be:

- 60% from the extraordinary (retake) exam grade, with a minimum mark of 4 (over 10).
- 10% from the continuous evaluation quizzes.
- 30% from the presentation.

Retakes

In the extraordinary period, the final grade will be:

• 60% from the extraordinary (retake) exam grade, with a minimum mark of 4 (over 10).

- 10% from the continuous evaluation quizzes.
- 30% from the presentation.

Course rules

- Each test will check the totality of the course content to that point
- The lack of assistance throughout the course of over 15% of the teaching hours can cause the loss of the right for the student to take the exam in the ordinary session of the academic year (cf. Artículo 93°: Escolaridad, Reglamento General de la Universidad, Normas Académicas ETSI-ICAI)
- The student who commits an irregularity in any evaluable test will be graded Fail (0) on this test and a disciplinary procedure will be opened against him or her (cf. Artículo 168°. Infracciones y sanciones del alumnado, Reglamento General de la Universidad).
- During the tests, generally, the use of books and notes is forbidden. In most tests, the use of a calculator and a one-page cheat-sheet will be allowed (check with the instructor).

WORK PLAN AND SCHEDULE¹

Of	f-class activities	When?	Date due
•	Read and study the day's subject	After each lesson	
•	Review the solution of the proposed problems and quizzes	Bi-weekly (approx).	
•	Analysis and selection of the subject for the group presentation	Week 5	Week 6
•	Personal study for the mid-term and final exams	Week 7 and 14.	
•	Preparation of the presentation material (PDF/PPT presentation, hand-out, summary)	Week 10 to 14	One day before the presentation

STUDENT WORK TIME SUMMARY						
IN_CLASS HOURS						
Expository lesson	Supervised Group work	Presentations / tutoring	Evaluation			
11	10	7	2			
	OFF_CLASS HOURS					
Personal study	Research about biomedical systems	Group work: preparation of the presentations				
44	12 4					
	3 (90 horas)					

BIBLIOGRAPHY

E

Bibliografía Básica				
 Notes prepared by the lecturer (in the Web page of the course). Joseph Bronzino, Susan~M. Blanchard, and John Enderle., <i>Introduction Biomedical Engineering</i>. Academic Press, 1999. ISBN: 0122386604 	to			
bliografía Complemetaria				
 Joseph Bronzino, Susan~M. Blanchard, and John Enderle., <i>Introduction a Biomedical Engineering</i>. Academic Press, 1999. ISBN: 0122386604. B.H. Brown, R.H. Smallwood, D. Hose, et al., <i>Medical Physics and Biomedica Engineering</i>. The Institute of Physics, 1999, ISBN: 0750303689. Leslie Cromwell. <i>Instrumentación y medidas biomédicas</i>, Prentice Hall, 1980 ISBN: 0130764485. Michael Domach., <i>Introduction to Biomedical Engineering</i>. Prentice Hall, 200 ISBN: 0130619779. Sverre Grimmes, Orjan Martinsen., <i>Bioimpedance and bioelectricity basic Academic Press</i>, 2000. ISBN: 0123032601. 	al)., 3.			

¹ En la ficha resumen se encuentra una planificación detallada de la asignatura. Esta planificación tiene un carácter orientativo y las fechas podrán irse adaptando de forma dinámica a medida que avance el curso.

- Leonard Johnson, editor, *Essential Medical Physiology*. Academic Press, 2003. ISBN: 0123875846.
- Robert Northop, *Signal and System Analysis in Biomedical Engineering*. CRC press, 2003. ISBN: 0849315573.
- Reinaldo Perez, *Design of Medical Electronic Devices*. Academic Press, 2002. ISBN: 0125507119.
- Ajit Sadana, *Engineering Biosensors: Kinetics and Design Applications*. Academic Press, 2001. ISBN: 0126137633.
- Daniel J. Schneck, Joseph D. Bronzino, *Biomechanics: Principle and Applications*. CRC Press, 2002. ISBN: 0849314925.

	IN-CLASS ACTIVITIES					OUT-OF-CLASS ACTIVITIES			
Week	h/w	LECTURE & PROBLEM SOLVING	LAB	ASSESMENT	h/w	SELF-STUDY	LAB PREPARATION AND REPORTING	OTHER ACTIVITIES	Learning Outcomes
1	2	Introduction, historical perspective. (2h)			2	Review and self-study (2h)			RA1
2	2	Physiology of the electric signals produced by the human body. (45'), problem solving (1h)		Quiz (15')	4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA1, RA2
3	2	Body and EM fields interactions. (2h)			4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA3, RA4
4	2	Amplification. Instrumentation and differencial amplifier. (45'), problem solving (1h)		Quiz (15')	4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA5
5	2	Noise and interferences, system design. (2h)			4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA5, RA7
6	2	Conversion to digital signals. Effective bits. Sampling, anti-aliasing and anti-imaging. (45'), problem solving (1h)		Quiz (15')	4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA6
7	2	Safety in biomedical instrumentation. Insulation amplifiers. (2h)			4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA4, RA8, RA9
8	2	Electrodes and examples of biomedical systems. (45'), problem solving (1h)		Quiz (15')	4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA1,RA2
9	2	Review (1h)		Mid-term exam (1h)	4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA1 to RA9
10	2	Specific instrumentation topic list; group assignment, group work (2h)			4	Group Work (4h)			RA10
11	2	Supervised group work (2h)			4	Group Work (4h)			RA1 to RA10
12	2	Supervised group work (2h)			4	Group Work (2h)		Presentation preparation (2h)	RA1 to RA10
13	2	Presentations (2h)			4	Group Work (2h)		Presentation preparation (2h)	RA1 to RA10
14	2	Presentations (2h)			4	Review, self-study and problem- solving (4h)			RA1 to RA10
15	2	Review, presentation re-take if needed, discussion. (2h)		Final project presentations (2h)	6	Review, self-study and problem- solving (6h)			RA1 to RA10