

Decarbonising grey hydrogen via bio-hydrogen and carbon capture and storage: a case study in Spain

L. Yagüe Muñoz; J.I. Linares Hurtado; E.M. Arenas Pinilla; J.C. Romero Mora

Abstract-

This study assesses the techno-economic feasibility of deploying biohydrogen with carbon capture and storage (HyBECCS) to decarbonise Spain's hydrogen production. The proposed framework replaces natural gas with biomethane while integrating CO₂ capture and storage. Fifteen steam methane reforming (SMR) facilities, representing 90% of national hydrogen production, are characterised. A geospatial analysis matches each facility with the nearest CO₂ storage site, estimating transport and storage costs as functions of distance and capacity. Full substitution of natural gas with biomethane across all facilities requires 28.7 TWh/yr of biomethane and yields up to 4.6 Mt CO₂/yr of negative emissions. Partial substitution across five SMR plants reduces demand to 14.6 TWh/yr of biomethane, achieving net-zero operation. The levelised cost of hydrogen for HyBECCS averages 3.56 €/kg H₂, compared with 2.61 €/kg H₂ under current production conditions. These results confirm HyBECCS as a technically viable and infrastructure-compatible pathway to achieve large-scale hydrogen decarbonisation in Spain.

Index Terms- Biohydrogen; CCS; Grey hydrogen; Net-zero

Due to copyright restriction we cannot distribute this content on the web. However, clicking on the next link, authors will be able to distribute to you the full version of the paper:

[Request full paper to the authors](#)

If your institution has an electronic subscription to International Journal of Hydrogen Energy, you can download the paper from the journal website:

[Access to the Journal website](#)

Citation:

Yagüe, L.; Linares, J.I.; Arenas, E.M.; Romero, J.C. "Decarbonising grey hydrogen via bio-hydrogen and carbon capture and storage: a case study in Spain", International Journal of Hydrogen Energy, vol.239, pp.155447-1-155447-11, June, 2026.