

# Revisiting angle stability in power systems with grid-forming power converters

R. Ávila Martínez; J. Renedo Anglada; L. Rouco Rodríguez; A. García Cerrada; L. Sigríst

## Abstract-

This letter presents a comprehensive analysis of the stability phenomenon related to the ability of generators &nbsp;remain in synchronism when subjected to small or large disturbances, in power systems with both synchronous machines&nbsp;and grid-forming voltage source converters (GFM-VSC). This phenomenon is associated with two stability classes in the&nbsp;IEEE/PES classification, namely, rotor-angle stability (when involving&nbsp;synchronous machines) and slow-interaction converter driven stability (when involving power converters). However,&nbsp;this work shows that this phenomenon is fully characterised with the slow dynamics of the angle difference between the voltage sources connected to the power system, regardless of whether they are synchronous machines (with rotors) or GFMVSCs. Therefore, we suggest using the term angle stability to refer to this phenomenon, while slow-interaction converter driven stability should only include slow interactions of different nature involving power converters.

**Index Terms-** Voltage source converter, VSC, grid forming, angle stability, transient stability, low-frequency oscillations; Convertidores fuente de tensión, VSC, grid-forming, auto-sincronización, estabilidad de ángulo, estabilidad transitoria, oscilaciones de baja frecuencia.

Due to copyright restriction we cannot distribute this content on the web. However, clicking on the next link, authors will be able to distribute to you the full version of the paper:

[Request full paper to the authors](#)

If your institution has an electronic subscription to IEEE Transactions on Power Systems, you can download the paper from the journal website:

[Access to the Journal website](#)

## Citation:

*Ávila-Martínez, R.; Renedo, J.; Rouco, L.; García-Cerrada, A.; Sigríst, L. "Revisiting angle stability in power systems with grid-forming power converters", IEEE Transactions on Power Systems, , .*