



SUBJECT'S FACT SHEET

General information			
Name	International Trade and Investments		
Code	000002587		
Degree	 Dual degree in Translation and Interpretation, and International Relations Dual degree in Global Communication and International Relations Dual degree in Law and International Relations 		
Year	Fourth year		
ECTS credits	4,5		
Character	r Obligatory		
Department	ent Economics		
Teaching language	English		
Description	A historical perspective on trends in international trade and investment. International trade: absolute and comparative advantages. The costs of protectionism. Exchange rates, interest rates and financial markets. Globalisation and trade. Global balances and imbalances. International investments: foreign direct investments and porfolio investments. Distribution patterns.		

Teaching staff	
Lecturer	
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SPECIFIC DATA ON THE SUBJECT

Contextualization

Contribution to the students' professional profile

International relations are impossible to analyse without an economic perspective. This subject is focused on the field of international economics, more specifically on relations established between countries and enterprises through trade and investment.

The subject is mainly based on understanding and interpreting the mechanisms and means that determine both variables. Throughout this course students should acquire autonomy in analysing international relations by understanding the main concepts and using rigorous data sources. The subject will focus on current issues (trade wars, Brexit, currency turbulences, investment settlement disputes, etc.)

Pre-requirements

Having studied the two previous subjects on the field of Economics: Economic Approach to International Relations (1st year) and International Political Economy (3rd year).

THEMATIC BLOCKS AND CONTENTS

Contents

Block 1: Introduction

Unit 1: What should a Bachelors' degree student know on international trade and investment?

Unit 2: Revision of basic economic concepts (GDP, business cycles, inflation, unemployment...)

Block 2: International trade and exchange rates

Unit 1: Advantages of international trade: the absolute and comparative advantage theories

Unit 2: New perspectives on international trade

Unit 3: Protectionism and economic policy

Unit 4: Economic integration

Block 3: Exchange rates, interest rates and global financial markets

Unit 1: Determinants of exchange rates

Unit 2: Business and exchange rate risk

Unit 3: Exchange rate regimes and economic policy

Block 4: Balance of payments (BOP)

Unit 1: The balance of payments

- 1.1 Current account balance
- 1.2 Financial account balance

Unit 2: Exercises

Unit 3: Global imbalances

Block 5: International investments

Unit 1: Investments

- 1.1 Main concepts
- 1.2 The Ownership-Location-Internalisation (OLI) paradigm and Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)

Unit 2: Types of international investments

- 2.1 Empirical data on FDI
- 2.2 Portfolio investments and financial crisis
- 2.3 Sovereign Wealth Funds

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

General methodologic aspects	
Classroom teaching: activities	% Attendance
 Exposition of lessons. Exposition of the subject's contents by the lecturer in a clear, structured and motivating way. Complemented by audiovisual tools, such as slides, charts, websites, videos and debates among the students. 	20
2. Practical activities and problem solving. Students should continually read articles, watch videos or search in databases proposed by the lecturer in order to comment them in class. The main aim is the application of the theory to current affairs and real cases. They should also calculate some basic variables regarding macroeconomics, trade and investments. Could be carried out in or outside of the class.	25
3. Individual and group assignments. Reading articles and writing personal thoughts and critical assessment.	30

	Shorter assignments are individual, but the longest assignment will be carried	
	out in groups of two or three(AF3)	
4.	Individual study. The students should	
	study the contents of the subject exposed in class and establish	20
	interrelations between them with the aid of the reference materials	
	suggested by the lecturer. The purpose	
	is the development of the students' analytical and synthetic abilities.	
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EVALUATION CRITERIA

Graded activity	CRITERIA	WEIGHT
Attendance and participation in class. (SE3)	Attendance sheet will be distributed during each lesson. Students are required to attend at least 60% of the	10%
(020)	lectures. Those who do not, will get an "absent" mark and will have to sit the exam in June.	
	To be handed in on paper.	
Individual assignments at home (exercises and readings) and final task in pairs or groups (report on a country's economic	Use of vocabulary, mathematical formulas, data sources learnt in class.	
performance). (SE4) (SE5)	Meeting deadlines. Addition of own thoughts and opinions.	
Final exam. (SE1)	Multiple choice questions and two or three longer exercises (commenting an article/chart, calculating some variables).	50%
Timal Oxam. (SET)	Students should get at least 4 out of 10 in the final exam in order t pass the subject. If not, they will have to resit the exam in June.	30/6

OTHER EVALUATION CRITERIA

The criteria stated above applies to students who regularly attend lectures and pass the final exam in December/May. For those who do not, they will have to (re)sit the exam in **June**.

- For those students who did not attend class on a regular basis the mark of the final exam will be their final mark, without taking into account the course assignments.
- For those students who did attend class on a regular basis and have handed in the assignments, but did not pass the exam in December/May, there ser two options:
 - Resit the exam in June and if their mark is high, their exam mark will be their final mark
 - Resit the exam in June. If their exam mark is not very high, but they have performed well in class and their assignments were good, then the exam mark will weight 60% and the average of their assignments 40%.

WORK PLAN SUMMARY

Classroom and non-classroom activities	Frequency	Place				
Cases and exercises	Each week or fortnight	In class				
Final assignment	At the end of the semester	At home				
Assignments and readings	Each week or fortnight	At home				
Working hours by student						
CLASSROOM HOURS						
45						
NON-CLASSROOM HOURS						
40						

References

Textbooks

- International Economics: Theory and Policy (10th Edition). De Paul Krugman, Maurice Obstfeld y Marc Melitz. (2014).
- International Business. Competing in the Global Marketplace (8th edition). Charles W. L. Hill (2011).

The books are mere references complemented by slides and documents handed out by the lecturer or uploaded on Moodle, which will be the main materials to follow the course.

Articles

- Several articles by Ha-Joon Chang and other economists, research centres or think-tanks.
- Press: The Economist, Financial Times, Bloomberg, Wall Street Journal...
- Youtube: CNBC, The Economist, BBC, Financial Times, Visualpolitik...

Webpages

- ECB: https://sdw.ecb.europa.eu/
- Eurostat: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat
- -OECD: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat
- -Observatory of Economic Complexity: https://atlas.media.mit.edu/en/
- WTO:

http://stat.wto.org/CountryProfile/WSDBCountryPFHome.aspx?Language=E

- Trading Economics: https://tradingeconomics.com/
- Statista: https://es.statista.com/
- World Bank:

http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=world-development-indicators

Notes

- Uploaded by the lecturer on Moodle.