



FICHA TÉCNICA DE LA ASIGNATURA

Datos de la asignatura	
Nombre completo	Engineering Fluid Mechanics
Código	DIM-SAP-353
Nivel	Intercambio
Cuatrimestre	Semestral
Créditos	6,0 ECTS
Carácter	Optativa
Departamento / Área	Departamento de Ingeniería Mecánica

Datos del profesorado	
Profesor	
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Profesor	
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DATOS ESPECÍFICOS DE LA ASIGNATURA

Contextualización de la asignatura
Aportación al perfil profesional de la titulación
This course provides an introduction to fluid mechanics. It examines the theoretical bases for fluid statics and dynamics including the conservation of mass, energy and momentum. It includes the governing integral and differential equations for viscous and inviscid fluids, in internal and external flows. Upon completion of this course, a good understanding of the theory and real applications of incompressible and compressible fluids will be achieved.
Prerequisitos
Having passed a first year of bachelor's degree in engineering. Recommended: Thermodynamics.

Competencias - Objetivos

BLOQUES TEMÁTICOS Y CONTENIDOS

Contenidos – Bloques Temáticos
Theory:

1. Introduction to Fluid Mechanics. Concept of a Fluid. Properties of a fluid. Viscosity. Surface Tension.
2. Hydrostatics. Pressure Distribution in a Fluid. Pressure measurement. Plane and curved surfaces. Buoyancy and Stability.
3. Fluid dynamics I: Integral Relations for a Control Volume. The Reynolds Transport Theorem. Conservation of Mass. The Linear Momentum Equation. The Angular-Momentum Theorem. The Energy Equation. The Bernoulli's Equation.
4. Fluid dynamics II: Differential Relations for a Fluid Particle. The Acceleration Field of a Fluid. The Differential Equations of Mass Conservation, Linear and Angular Momentum; and Energy. Vorticity and Irrotationality.
5. Dimensional Analysis and Similarity. The Pi Theorem. Similitude.
6. Viscous Flow in Ducts. Reynolds-Number Regimes. Flow in circular and non- circular pipes. Losses.
7. Flow Past Immersed Bodies. Reynolds-Number and Geometry Effects. The Boundary-Layer Equations. Boundary Layers with Pressure Gradient. Experimental External Flows.
8. Compressible Flow. The Speed of Sound. Isentropic Flow with Area Changes. Shock Waves.
9. Open-Channel Flow. Uniform Flow. Chézy Formula. Efficient Uniform-Flow Channels. Hydraulic Jumps.

Laboratory

In addition to lectures, students will carry out 4 lab sessions, related to the theoretical concepts seen in class. Each session will be 2-hours-long. The students will be divided into groups of 3-4 people, and each group must deliver a report about the concepts reviewed during each session, at the end of each activity. These activities will lead to a better understanding of the theoretical concepts.

01. Hydraulic losses.
02. Flow rate and velocity measurement devices.
03. Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD).
04. Pipe networks.

METODOLOGÍA DOCENTE

Aspectos metodológicos generales de la asignatura

EVALUACIÓN Y CRITERIOS DE CALIFICACIÓN

The following conditions must be accomplished to pass the course:

- A minimum overall grade of at least 5 over 10.
- A minimum grade in the final exam of 4 over 10.

The overall grade is obtained as follows:

- 50 %, Final exam
- 30 %, Follow-up exams
- 20%, Lab sessions (≥ 5.0)

-The lack of attendance to some of the activities is a 0 in that session.

-A delay in the delivery of reports means a minimum penalty of 2 points.

The extraordinary call consists of an exam covering the whole subject. The weight of this extraordinary exam could be 50% or 80%. The exam will only count 50% if follow-up exams (30%) helps the student to get a better overall grade. If these exams do not improve overall grade, the extraordinary exam will value 80% of the final mark. The final grade will include the 20% of the lab sessions.

BIBLIOGRAFÍA Y RECURSOS

Bibliografía Básica

- Çengel, Y. A., Cimbala, J. M., Fluid Mechanics: Fundamentals and Applications. McGraw Hill. 2012
- White, F. M. Fluid Mechanics. McGraw Hill. 2008
- Munson, Y., Okiishi, Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics. 8th edition, Wiley, 2016