

TRABAJO FIN DE GRADO

# PROGRAMACIÓN DIDÁCTICA DE INGLÉS PARA 4º DE EDUCACIÓN PRIMARIA

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# RESUMEN

La presente programación didáctica de la asignatura de inglés para cuarto de Primaria se basa en las unidades de indagación (referidas como proyectos) del Programa de la Escuela Primaria del Bachillerato Internacional, cuyo aprendizaje está basado en proyectos interdisciplinares que persiguen el desarrollo de competencias. La programación se completa con otros dos elementos metodológicos. En primer lugar, con el enfoque del Diseño Universal para el Aprendizaje, a través de la aplicación de prácticas de aprendizaje activo e inclusivo, que ponen al alumno en el centro del proceso de aprendizaje. Y, en segundo lugar, por una apuesta clara por un enfoque comunicativo en la adquisición de la lengua inglesa y por la introducción de un plan lector como elemento de contextualización de dichos aprendizajes.

### **ABSTRACT**

This annual English teaching plan intended for year 4 students, is based on the units of enquiry (referred as projects) from the International Baccalaureate Primary Years Programme, which introduces a transdisciplinary project — based learning that encourages competence acquisition. Additionally, this annual teaching plan introduces two other elements. Firstly, it includes a Universal Design for Learning, through a blend of active and inclusive practices, with a learner — centred teaching view. Secondly, it integrates a communicative approach, complemented with a reading plan that contributes to create a context that facilitates learning.

### **KEY WORDS**

Primaria, Primary, inglés, English, PYP, PEP, Bachillerato Internacional, International Baccalaureate, DUA, UDL, inclusión, inclusion, enfoque comunicativo, communicative approach, plan lector, reading plan, literatura, literature.

### INTRODUCTION

In our globalised and interconnected world, not to mention within the European Union, English is undeniably the language of communication, knowledge, and trade. Furthermore, in the Spanish job market being competent in English has become an essential requirement for almost any occupation. This is influenced by the fact that Spain's biggest economic sector is tourism, as it is the second most visited country in the world, according to Banco Santander Trade Markets' report (2022).

Therefore, our duty as educators, in my opinion, is to ensure new generations are trained in the English language, so they can access opportunities to fully develop their potential. In the last twenty years, the Spanish educational system has responded with a number of measures to develop children's competence in English, being Primary school years a crucial stage. The introduction of bilingualism in schools is one of these measures.

Within that bilingual school framework in mind, this annual teaching plan aims to offer students an opportunity to develop their competence in English while exploring and understanding the world around them, making constant connections with their daily lives and with other school subjects. Likewise, its main focus is to engage students, fostering their curiosity and their motivation towards learning.

To do so, this annual teaching plan successfully achieves the combination of four elements. First, the International Baccalaureate Primary Years Programme, which introduces one key feature: a transdisciplinary project – based learning that encourages competence acquisition.

Second, it includes a Universal Design for Learning, through a blend of active, flexible, and inclusive practices. This learner – centred view of teaching implements components such as the use of ICT tools, a variety of grouping, scaffolding strategies and thinking routines, among others.

Third, it integrates a communicative approach centred on developing speaking and listening skills, complemented with a reading plan that contributes to create a context that facilitates learning and promotes reading habits.

And last but not least, it makes all the previous possible while adjusting to the Spanish educational syllabus that applies in the *Comunidad de Madrid*, the *Decreto 61/2022 de 13 de julio* (LOMLOE) complemented with the *Orden 5958/2010, de 7 de diciembre* (intended for Bilingual schools).

To sum up, this proposal results in an innovative as well as a realistic alternative to traditional teaching plans, by offering quality education that meets all new requirements, using the same resources schools already have in place, and investing very little in teachers' training.

# THEORETICAL AND LEGAL BASELINE

En 2020 se aprobó una nueva ley de educación, la *Ley Orgánica 3/2020, de 29 de diciembre, de Modificación de la LOE*, también conocida como LOMLOE, cuya ordenación y enseñanzas mínimas de la Educación Primaria han quedado recogidas en el *Real Decreto 157/2022 de 1 de marzo*.

La nueva ley educativa busca adaptar el sistema educativo a los nuevos objetivos fijados por la Unión Europea y por la UNESCO para la década de 2020 – 2030, incorporando, entre otros, el cumplimiento de la inclusión educativa y la aplicación de los principios del Diseño Universal para el Aprendizaje, ahondando en el enfoque competencial ya introducido en la LOE.

En la Comunidad de Madrid, el *Decreto 61/2022 de 13 de julio*, ha determinado el currículo de la etapa de Educación Primaria, de conformidad con la mencionada legislación.

El calendario de implementación de este nuevo currículo en la etapa de Educación Primaria ha establecido que en el curso académico 2022 - 2023 se introduzca en los cursos impares, es decir, en primero, tercero y quinto, para ser implantado en toda la etapa, incluyendo los cursos pares, en el curso académico 2023-2024.

Por este motivo, resulta muy pertinente desarrollar una programación, en concreto de la asignatura de inglés, de cuarto curso de Educación Primaria, de acuerdo con los parámetros de la nueva ley, pues deberá implementarse el próximo curso.

El currículo de la Comunidad de Madrid reconoce el valor del español, al tiempo que concede importancia al conocimiento de otras lenguas, en particular de la lengua inglesa, por las oportunidades que ofrece al alumnado.

La adquisición de la lengua inglesa en esta etapa, de acuerdo con el citado Decreto 61/2022 de 13 de julio, debe planificarse de modo que sea un proceso ameno, divertido y práctico, centrado en la comunicación, que fomente la autonomía en el aprendizaje, al tiempo que despierta la curiosidad por conocer otras realidades sociales y culturales.

Adicionalmente, la presente programación tiene en cuenta lo dispuesto en la *Orden 5958/2010, de 7 de diciembre*, por la que se regulan los colegios públicos bilingües de la Comunidad de Madrid, en los que la enseñanza del inglés tiene un carácter instrumental al ser la segunda lengua vehicular de la enseñanza. En concreto, se tienen en cuenta las recomendaciones prácticas de carácter metodológico, y en especial, la organización de los contenidos entre los distintos ciclos.

# CONTEXT

The following teaching plan adjusts to the context, interests, and developmental stage of the students it is intended for. The objective is, on one hand, to encourage and ensure their participation and learning, and on the other hand, to improve their motivation towards the English language.

This learning plan has been designed for a school situated in the Autonomous Community of Madrid, particularly in the village of Alcobendas, in the north outskirts of the capital city of Madrid. The school is a private owned educational establishment, bilingual, that caters for students from Early Childhood all the way to university, and so, including apart from Early Childhood, Primary, Secondary and Baccalaureate years.

The school is a member of the International Baccalaureate (IB) global network, offering its Primary Years Programme (PYP) from 3 to 12 years old, its Middle Years Programme (MYP) from 11 to 16 years old, and its Diploma Programme, from 16-19 years old.

All Primary teachers receive training twice a year to adjust to the IB pedagogy and hold meetings on a weekly basis to coordinate, reflect on and make the most of the transdisciplinary projects within the IB Primary Years Programme.

Therefore, I am going to consider the principles of the IB pedagogy while planning, including its focus on inquiry-based learning, its transdisciplinary curriculum framework, and its aim to encourage students become independent learners through collaborative learning and within an international view in mind.

The school has up to four classes per year level, with a maximum of 20 students on each. All rooms are equipped with digital whiteboards and all students have access to Chromebook laptops that they use to work and exchange information through the Google Classroom learning platform. The class work combines the use of digital devices with the use of notebooks, learning resources made by the teachers as well as some workbooks and reading books.

The students belong to families of medium and upper- medium socio-economic status, who live or work within the school area. A 30% of their pupils come from abroad, where two or one of their parents are foreigners, although, the majority are Spanish-speaking families.

Among the students in year 4, there are a few with learning difficulties: being attention deficit and hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) the most common, with 3 cases per class out of 20 students. In addition, about 3 students per class are new at school, they either come from other schools within Spain or from abroad, a fact that in both cases require individual support due to having an English level lower than those of their peers or due to being used to a less independent way of learning.

# **OBJECTIVES**

### Primary Years goals

De acuerdo con el articulo 7 del *Real Decreto 157/2022 de 1 de marzo*, los objetivos de etapa que se trabajan serían los siguientes:

### 1. Conocer y apreciar los valores y normas de convivencia

 a) Conocer y apreciar los valores y las normas de convivencia, aprender a obrar de acuerdo con ellas de forma empática, prepararse para el ejercicio activo de la ciudadanía y respetar los derechos humanos, así como el pluralismo propio de una sociedad democrática.

### 2. Desarrollar hábitos de trabajo individual y de equipo

b) Desarrollar hábitos de trabajo individual y de equipo, de esfuerzo y de responsabilidad en el estudio, así como actitudes de confianza en sí mismo, sentido crítico, iniciativa personal, curiosidad, interés y creatividad en el aprendizaje, y espíritu emprendedor.

### 3. Conocer, comprender y respetar las diferentes culturas

d) Conocer, comprender y respetar las diferentes culturas y las diferencias entre las personas, la igualdad de derechos y oportunidades de hombres y mujeres y la no discriminación de personas por motivos de etnia, orientación o identidad sexual, religión o creencias, discapacidad u otras condiciones.

### 4. Adquirir la competencia comunicativa en lengua inglesa

 f) Adquirir en, al menos, una lengua extranjera la competencia comunicativa básica que les permita expresar y comprender mensajes sencillos y desenvolverse en situaciones cotidianas.

# 5. Desarrollar competencias tecnológicas básicas

i) Desarrollar las competencias tecnológicas básicas e iniciarse en su utilización, para el aprendizaje, desarrollando un espíritu crítico ante su funcionamiento y los mensajes que reciben y elaboran.

### 6. Desarrollar sus capacidades afectivas

m) Desarrollar sus capacidades afectivas en todos los ámbitos de la personalidad y en sus relaciones con las demás personas, así como una actitud contraria a la violencia, a los prejuicios de cualquier tipo y a los estereotipos sexistas.

# Annual teaching plan goals

Con carácter general y de acuerdo con los principios pedagógicos recogidos en el artículo 6 del *Real Decreto 157/2022 de 1 de marzo*, los objetivos son:

- 1. Garantizar la inclusión educativa y la atención personalizada al alumnado.
- 2. Fomentar el hábito lector.
- 3. Potenciar un aprendizaje significativo, con el objeto de promover la autonomía y la reflexión del alumnado.
- 4. Priorizar la comprensión, la expresión y la interacción oral en lengua extranjera.

Respecto a la Lengua inglesa y de acuerdo con el perfil de salida de la enseñanza básica, recogido en el anexo I del *Real Decreto 157/2022 de 1 de marzo*, el objetivo prioritario es: contribuir al logro de la competencia plurilingüe, a través de las siguientes medidas:

- a. Promover el uso eficaz de la lengua inglesa para responder a necesidades comunicativas sencillas en los ámbitos personal, social y educativo.
- b. Trabajar estrategias de transferencia entre las distintas lenguas.
- c. Conocer, respetar y valorar la diversidad lingüística y cultural como factor de diálogo y para la mejora de la convivencia.

# COMPETENCES

### Key competence

Competencia Plurilingüe: Esta competencia implica utilizar, según el anexo I del *Real*Decreto 157/2022 de 1 de marzo y para este caso concreto, la lengua inglesa de forma apropiada y eficaz para el aprendizaje y la comunicación.

# Specific competences

De acuerdo con el apartado Lengua extranjera: inglés, del anexo 2, del Decreto 61/2022, de 13 de julio, por el que se establece para la comunidad de Madrid la ordenación y el currículo de la etapa de Educación Primaria, las competencias específicas serían las siguientes:

Habilidades receptivas / Receptive skills	Habilidades productivas/ Productive skills
1. Comprender el sentido general e información específica y predecible de textos breves y sencillos, expresados de forma clara y en la lengua estándar, haciendo uso de diversas estrategias y recurriendo, cuando sea necesario, al uso de distintos tipos de apoyo, para desarrollar el repertorio del lenguaje y para responder a necesidades comunicativas cotidianas.	Producir textos sencillos de manera comprensible y estructurada, mediante el empleo de estrategias como la planificación o la compensación, para expresar mensajes breves relacionados con necesidades inmediatas y responder a propósitos comunicativos cotidianos.
Interacción / Productive/ interaction skills	Estrategias de aprendizaje/ Learning strategi
3. Interactuar con otras personas usando expresiones cotidianas, recurriendo a estrategias de colaboración y empleando recursos analógicos y digitales, para responder a necesidades inmediatas de su interés en intercambios comunicativos respetuosos con las normas de cortesía.	Participar en situaciones predecibles, usando estrategias y conocimientos para procesar y transmitir información básica y sencilla, con el fin de facilitar la comunicación.
Autorreflexión / Self-reflection skills	Competencia intercultural / Cultural awarene
5. Reconocer y usar los repertorios lingüísticos personales entre distintas lenguas, reflexionando sobre su funcionamiento e identificando las estrategias y conocimientos propios, para mejorar la respuesta a necesidades comunicativas concretas en situaciones conocidas.	6. Apreciar y respetar la diversidad de otros contextos a partir de la lengua extranjera identificando y valorando las diferencias y semejanzas entre lenguas y culturas, para aprender a gestionar situaciones entre diferentes culturas.

**CONTENTS: TEACHING UNITS** 

General principles

The following 15 teaching units stick to the syllabus established by the Orden

5958/2010, de 7 de diciembre, intended for bilingual schools in the Autonomous

Community of Madrid. This Orden will also be taken into consideration regarding the

number of English teaching hours, fixed in 5 hours per week. Please, see Annex II for

a comprehensive list of contents.

Additionally, the Decreto 61/2022 de 13 de julio of Comunidad de Madrid will also be

taken into consideration regarding its competence approach to learning, and

introducing all new contents not included in the Orden, especially those related to

plurilingualism and interculturality. Please, see Annex II for a complete list of contents.

International Baccalaureate: Primary Years Programme (IBPYP)

Furthermore, the school is a member of the International Baccalaureate (IB) global

network (a feature already mentioned in the context section) so its Primary Years

Programme (PYP) syllabus is considered while designing the following teaching units.

Particularly, its 6 annual transdisciplinary units of enquiry, common to all Primary

years, have been introduced along the plan.

According to the document Making the PYP happen: a curriculum framework for

international primary education (2009) these broad units of enquiry, referred as

"Projects" from now on to avoid confusion with teaching units, are described as follows:

### 1. Who we are.

Who we are: An enquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human.

### 2. Where we are in place and time

Where we are in the place and time: An enquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationship between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations from local and global perspectives.

### 3. How we express ourselves

How we express ourselves: An enquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture and beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.

### 4. How the world works

How the world works: An enquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment.

### 5. How we organize ourselves

How we organize ourselves: An enquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.

# 6. Sharing the planet.

Sharing the planet: An enquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resource with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution. (IBPYP, 2007:12)

These units of enquiry or projects respond to a central theme: "The human being" and they are aimed to introduce a transdisciplinary approach that helps primary students develop key competences for lifelong learning. These units are worked simultaneously in all subjects and as a result, contents and strategies are coordinated and complement each other to achieve a holistic approach.

### Timing structure

As already mentioned, the number of sessions per week of the English subject is 5. Therefore, on average, each teaching unit contains 10 to 15 sessions, taking about two to three weeks to complete. Furthermore, every teaching unit belongs to one of the 6 stated "projects". On average, every project includes 2 to 3 teaching units, taking about one and a half to two months to complete.

As an example, the teaching unit number 6 (out of 15), also detailed in the annex, and called "Literature" contains 10 sessions. This teaching unit belongs to the project "How we express ourselves", which comprehend 3 teaching units: "Literature", "Applied arts" and "Celebrations and traditions around the world". This project takes a total of 7 weeks to complete.

The number of sessions and the dates allocated to each unit have been calculated based on the official academic calendar of the Autonomous Community of Madrid for the current school year 2022-23. Please, see Annex II for further information.

### Cross – curricular elements

Within each teaching unit outline, there has been introduced a number of crosscurricular elements which aim to enrich and extend the learning experience; to support the teaching of the English language through a literature methodology approach; and finally, to stress how every unit contributes to the school's teaching plans. The additional and extracurricular activities suggest a variety of experiences for students to extend their learning by reading further or engaging in more complex activities related to the topic, as well as by participating in school trips relevant to the projects they are working on.

The chosen readings contribute to support the "teaching English through literature" methodology approach as well as the school's reading plan. Additionally, there are a number of ICT activities that are highlighted, thanks to which students can develop their digital competence, contributing to the school's digital competence plan.

Last, but not least, values and key competences which are worked along the unit are stressed to make their contribution visible, both to the school's harmony and wellbeing plan and to the IB programme.

ENGLISH		YEAR 4			
TEACHING UNIT 1/15		NUMBER OF SESSION	<u>IS</u> 8	DATES 7 <sup>th</sup> -	- 16 <sup>th</sup> September
Project 1 – WHO WE ARE – An enquiry in	to human relationships	, including families, friends, and	communities, as well as	into persona	I, social, and physical health.
		TTING TO KNOW EACH OTH			
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/	ASSESSMENT CRITER	IA	
<ul> <li>Identify the gist and some details in a story.</li> </ul>		Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2			
Request and give basic personal information	tion in face-to-face	Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2,			
conversations.		Productive/ Interaction skil			
Deliver a basic short presentation to the class.  Plan paragraph, and link ideas in writing description.	ation of a sharester	• Learning strategies: 4.1, 4			
Plan, paragraph, and link ideas in writing: description	otion of a character.	Self-reflection skills: 5.2, 5	.3		
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TA	ARGETED		
Guarantee learning inclusion.		<ul> <li>Develop individual and tea</li> </ul>			
Encourage reading.	Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.			<del>)</del> .	
Prioritize understanding and speaking in the Eng		Develop basic digital competence.			
Promote the English language in everyday communications					
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bil					_
	READING	WRITING		LANGUAG	
In pairs, ask and answer questions about oneself.	<ul> <li>Forms requesting personal</li> </ul>	Complete forms registering     Make a presentation	g personal information.		e, Free time, Hobbies, Sports, dislikes, Favourite food and
<ul> <li>In pairs, talk about likes/dislikes.</li> </ul>	information.	<ul><li>Make a presentation.</li><li>Use a model to write a d</li></ul>	occription of Pohincon		errogatives, Present simple,
•	Robinson	Crusoe's character.	escription of Robinson		ds. Agree and disagree.
Debates: Robinson Crusoe's story and life	Crusoe's story.	Dictations from Robinson (	Crusoe's story		3
choices	J	Biotations from Resilient	oracoo o otory.		
TEMPORAL CRITERIA				<u> </u>	
Introduction of vocabulary and grammar that is well-k					
other better. Progressively (in future units) new topics			aim is double: to build on	the students	3' knowledge, ensuring a solid
base for scaffolding and to create a positive and sect	ure environment for lea	rning.			
CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS: Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values		Key competences
					•
Play the guess game "2 truths and 1 lie" in groups     are as a whole glass.	Robinson	Make a presentation      Waing Power Point about a	Being aware of oth	ners around	Plurilingual. Digital.
<ul><li>or as a whole class.</li><li>Use the "personal information form" to interview a</li></ul>	rusoe	using PowerPoint about a class peer.	you.  • Understand our	similarities	Personal, Social and Learn
member of their family or a friend.	2	Use Robinson Crusoe's	and differences.	Similarities	how to learn.
mondo of their farmly of a mond.	and the	audiobook.	and amoronous.		
	DANIA DUDE				

ENGLISH	ENGLISH YEAR 4				
TEACHING UNIT: 2/15	NUMBER OF SESSION	NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 15 DATES: 19 <sup>th</sup> September – 7 <sup>th</sup> Octob			
Project 1 – WHO WE ARE - An enquiry into humar	relationships, including	g families, friends, and com	munities, as well as into	personal, soc	ial, and physical health.
UNIT 2: OUR COMMUNITY					
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:  SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ ASSESSMENT CRITERIA					
Make predictions and identify the gist and main ideas	s in a story.	Receptive skills: 1.1	, 1.2		
<ul> <li>Identify the gist and some details of a video.</li> </ul>		Productive skills: 2.3	I, 2.2, 2.3		
<ul> <li>Plan, paragraph, and link ideas in writing.</li> </ul>		Productive/ Interaction	on skills: 3.1, 3.2		
<ul> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinion</li> </ul>	ns in English.	<ul> <li>Learning strategies:</li> </ul>	4.1, 4.2.		
Recognise words in a dictation.		<ul> <li>Self-reflection skills:</li> </ul>	5.2, 5.3		
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOA	LS TARGETED		
Guarantee learning inclusion.		Know social rules as	nd values.		
Encourage reading.		<ul> <li>Develop individual a</li> </ul>	nd teamwork abilities.		
<ul> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-refle</li> </ul>	ection.	Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.			
Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.					
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingu	ual schools syllabus				
LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING		LANGUAG	
<ul> <li>In groups, suggest rules and expected behaviour school and public places.</li> <li>As a whole class, vote the 10 most important rules follow at school.</li> <li>Listening – comprehension activity (video): grownindset.</li> <li>In pairs, select the 3 most relevant pieces of advice.</li> <li>In pairs, do an information gap activity using a timetal</li> <li>Debates: Robinson Crusoe's choices and story.</li> </ul>	information in simple signs and notices.  wth Robinson Crusoe's story.	<ul> <li>In groups, make signs and notices to place around the classroom (material, class birthdays, etc.), the list of 10 rules and School subjects, Times, Prese</li> </ul>		stations, shopping centre), jects, Times, Present tense, d told. Simple past. es. Modals: should and	
TEMPORAL CRITERIA					
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to with the context created by the story and other readings.  CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:					
	Reading plan IC1		Values		Key competences
<ul> <li>Make signs to place around the school.</li> <li>Investigate Daniel Defoe's biography and other writings.</li> </ul>	Robinson Crusoe	Use Robinson Crusoe's audiobook. Make a school timetable using Word. Make classroom signs using Canva.	Rules and ways of public places.		Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Citizenship

ENGLISH YEAR 4					
TEACHING UNIT: 3/15		NUMBER OF SESSIONS	<u>6</u> : 14	DATES: 10	O <sup>th</sup> – 28 <sup>th</sup> October
Project 1- WHO WE ARE - An enquiry into human relationsh	nips, including families	s, friends, and communities	s, as well as into p	ersonal, soc	cial, and physical health.
	UNIT 3: OUR BOD	Y, OUR HEALTH			
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENC	ES/ ASSESSME	NT CRITERI	IA
Identify the gist and some details of a video.		Receptive skills: 1.1,	1.2		
Deliver a basic short presentation to the class.		Productive skills: 2.1	, 2.2, 2.3		
Use the appropriate layout to write a recipe.		Productive/ Interaction	on skills: 3.1,3.2		
Summarise a story.		<ul> <li>Learning strategies:</li> </ul>	4.1, 4.2		
Infer attitude and mood from a story.		Self-reflection skills:	5.2, 5.3		
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TARGETED					
Guarantee learning inclusion.		Develop individual and teamwork abilities.			
Encourage reading.		Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.			
Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.		Develop basic digital competence.			
Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.		Develop their emotional intelligence.			
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual school		I			_
LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING		LANGUAG	
Listening – comprehension activity (video): our body and how	-	In pairs, make a pre			hygiene, senses, feelings,
look after it.	Robinson	healthy and unhealth	•		oking, Frequency adjectives,
In pairs, conversation about healthy and unhealthy choices a		Write a healthy recip			erbs, Present simple for nd processes. Simple Past.
everyday routines.	story.	Write a summary a	about Robinson		res and superlatives.
<ul> <li>In pairs, deliver a presentation about healthy and unhealthy hab</li> <li>In pairs, retell Robinson's Crusoe story using pictures, includ</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Crusoe's story.</li><li>Dictations from Rob</li></ul>	incon Crucoo's	Comparativ	res and superiatives.
his feelings.	"19	story.	ilisoii Ciusoe s		
<ul> <li>Debates: Robinson Crusoe's story. In groups: discuss and agr</li> </ul>	raa	Story.			
10 things to take to an island.					
TEMPORAL CRITERIA					
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete t	the proposed activities	s and to support the transc	lisciplinary project	t itself. The p	proposed activities are related
with the context created by the story and other readings.					
CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:					
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values		Key competences

"Find someone who" activity.

and active morning.

Play "hangman" or "taboo" to review vocabulary.

School day trip: visit "Plenilunio vertical park" - for a healthy

Make

Use

presentation using

Robinson

PowerPoint.

Crusoe's audiobook.

а

Working in teams and

• Making healthy choices.

groups.

Plurilingual

how to learn.

Personal, Social and Learn

Digital

ENGLISH YEAR 4					
TEACHING UNIT: 4/15	NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 18 DATES: 2 <sup>nd</sup> – 25 <sup>th</sup> November			5 <sup>th</sup> November	
Project 2 – WHERE WE ARE IN PLACE A	ND TIME – An i	nquiry into orientation in place and tir	ne, person	al histories, and	journeys.
	UNIT 4: OUR	TIMELINE			
EARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ ASSE	<b>ESSMENT</b>	CRITERIA	
Identify the gist and some details of a story.		Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2	•	Learning strate	_
Deliver a basic short presentation to the class.		• Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3	•	Self-reflection	•
Use the appropriate layout to write an autobiography.		Productive/ Interaction skills: 3.	1,3.2	Cultural aware	eness: 6.1, 6.2
Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English.					
Recognise words in a dictation.					
NNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TARGE	ETED		
Guarantee learning inclusion.		Know social rules and values.			
Encourage reading.		<ul> <li>Develop individual and teamwo</li> </ul>			
Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.		Value and respect cultural divergence	-		
Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.		Acquire the communicative con	-	n the English lar	nguage.
Value and respect cultural diversity.		<ul> <li>Develop basic digital competen</li> </ul>	ce.		
ENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual schools					
ISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING		LANGUAGE	
Deliver a presentation about their personal timeline.	Biography:	Make a personal timeline using			00, Dates, Simple past,
Whole class, "find someone who" activity – Have you ever?	Jules	Write an autobiography using a			ct, Modals: can and
In pairs, discuss best means of transport to do Mr. Fogg's trip		In pairs, research about Jules		-	ions: movement, time,
today and how long it would take.	Around the	most important novels and	make a	place.	
Listening: watch some parts of Around the world in 80 days movie		poster summarising their plot.			
Debates: Around the world in 80 days: time in history, means or	f days	Dictations from Around the wo	oria in 80		
transport, Mr. Fogg choices and story. Critical reading.		days´ story.			
EMPORAL CRITERIA	nrongood optivities	and to aupport the transdissiplican	project !t-	olf The present	ad activities are related
ntroduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete the			project its	eir. The propose	ed activities are related
	ect is now introduc	eu, once simple past is solid.			
	ICT Volume Vou		Key competences		
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
	Around the World				
	in Lighty Days				
Learn now to greet in different countries.		1			Cultural expressions.
		Do some research about Jules		•	Guiturai expressioris.
		Verne using a safe visual engine for kids: kiddle.com		king in teams groups	
	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN PERSON ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN PERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN	endire for Kids Kiddle Colli	2000	THE STREET	
introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete the vith the context created by the story and other readings. Present Peris ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:  In a paper world map, place pins where Mr. Fogg stops and link them with wool.  Learn how to greet in different countries.	Reading plan	<ul> <li>ed, once Simple past is solid.</li> <li>ICT</li> <li>Make a timeline using Padlet.</li> <li>Use "Around the world in 80 days" audiobook.</li> </ul>	Values      Critic     Culture     histo	cal thinking.	Key competences  Plurilingual Digital Citizenship

ENGLISH		YEAR 4			
TEACHING UNIT: 5/1:	5		NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 15	DATES: 28 <sup>th</sup> November	- 22 <sup>nd</sup> December
Project 2 – WHERE WE ARE I	N PLACE AND T	IME - An inquiry	vinto orientation in place and time	e, personal histories and journey	/S.
		UNIT 5:	JOURNEYS		
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:			SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ AS	SSESSMENT CRITERIA	
Identify the gist and some details of a story.			Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2		
<ul> <li>Deliver a basic short presentation to the class.</li> </ul>			• Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.	3	
<ul> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a tourist broch</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Productive/ Interaction skills</li> </ul>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Join conversations and share their ideas and opin	nions in English.		<ul> <li>Learning strategies: 4.1, 4.2</li> </ul>		
Summarise a story.			• Self-reflection skills: 5.2, 5.3		
			<ul> <li>Cultural awareness: 6.1, 6.2</li> </ul>		
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED			PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TAR		
Guarantee learning inclusion.			Know social rules and value		
Encourage reading.			Develop individual and team		
<ul> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.</li> <li>Value and respect cultural diversity.</li> <li>Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the Eng</li> <li>Value and respect cultural diversity.</li> </ul>	ish language.		<ul> <li>Acquire the communicative of the commu</li></ul>		uage.
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bili	ngual echoole e	evllabue	Develop basic digital compe	tence.	
LISTENING AND SPEAKING		READING	WRITING		LANGUAGE
<ul> <li>In groups, deliver a presentation about one count</li> </ul>		Around the		h history and facts about one	Weather and Seasonal
In pairs, retell Around the world in 80 days' story u		world in 80	of the countries Mr. Fogg vis		Activities, Holidays,
<ul> <li>In pairs, do a "giving directions" activity, using a t</li> </ul>		days.		prochure using Canva of the	Travel, Directions,
Whole class, learn Christmas carols in English.		Tourist	country previously researche		Simple Past, Present
Debates: Around the world in 80 days: time in h	istory, means	brochure		r: Around the world in 80 days.	Perfect.
of transport, Mr. Fogg choices and story. Critical reading: bias.			Dictations from Around the v	world in 80 days' story.	
TEMPORAL CRITERIA	<u> </u>			-	
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed					ed activities are related
with the context created by the story and other readir	gs. Present perfe	ect is now introd	uced gradually as well as irregula	ar past participle forms.	
CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:		1.0=		T	1.6
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT		Values	Key competences
Christmas Around the World: learn how other	Around the World		round the world in 80 days"	Value and respect	Plurilingual
cultures and religious groups celebrate and do	in Lighty Days	audiobo		cultural diversity.	Digital
not celebrate this tradition.			nva to make a tourist brochure.	Critical thinking	Personal, Social and Learn how to learn.
Rehearse and organise a Christmas carol concert for the school community.			e research about a country using	Working in teams and	Cultural expressions.
Concert for the School Community.	District Market State Control of the	a safe v	isual engine for kids: kiddle.com	groups.	Cultural expressions.
	1 Marriamer W			Be open minded.	

ENGLISH	YEAR 4		
TEACHING UNIT: 6/15	NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 10	<u>DATES</u> : 9 <sup>th</sup> – 20 <sup>th</sup> January	

Project 3 — HOW WE EXPRESS OURSELVES – An inquiry into the ways in which we express ideas, feelings and culture and we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity.

### **UNIT 6: LITERATURE**

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ ASSESSMENT CRITERIA			
Use the appropriate layout to write a diary entry.		Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2	<ul> <li>Learning strategies: 4.1, 4.2</li> </ul>		
Use the appropriate layout to write a book review.		<ul> <li>Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Self-reflection skills: 5.2, 5.3</li> </ul>		
Use the correct intonation and pronunciation while reading a	script or a poem.	<ul> <li>Productive/ Interaction skills: 3.1,3.2</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cultural awareness: 6.1, 6.2, 6.3</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in Eng</li> </ul>	glish.				
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TARGETED			
Guarantee learning inclusion.		<ul> <li>Develop individual and teamwork abilitie</li> </ul>	S.		
Encourage reading.		<ul> <li>Acquire the communicative competence</li> </ul>	in the English language.		
Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.		Develop basic digital competence.			
<ul> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language</li> </ul>	je.	Develop their emotional intelligence.			
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual scho	ools syllabus				
LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING	LANGUAGE		
As a whole class, role-play a playscript.	Main features and	<ul> <li>Write a diary entry following a given mod</li> </ul>	lel. Present simple, Simple past,		
<ul> <li>In pairs, talk about their favourite readings.</li> </ul>	examples of:	<ul> <li>Write a book/story review.</li> </ul>	Present Perfect, Subordinate		
As a whole class, recite a poem aloud.	<ul> <li>Fiction texts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dictations from "The Cat in the Hat" and</li> </ul>	_ittle   clauses, Folklore/ fantasy, Identify/		
• In groups, summarise a non-fiction article read individually	<ul> <li>Non-fiction</li> </ul>	Miss Giggles.	describe people, Genres, Likes and		
as part of a jigsaw reading activity.	texts		dislikes.		
Listening – comprehension (audio book): fiction story.	<ul> <li>Poetry</li> </ul>				
As a whole class, share one of their favourite books / stories.	<ul> <li>Drama</li> </ul>				

### **TEMPORAL CRITERIA**

Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete the proposed activities and to support the transdisciplinary project itself. The proposed activities are related with the context created by the readings.

# **CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:**

Participate in whole class debates.

Additional activities	l and extracurricular	Reading plan	ICT	Values	Key competences
days anothe • Write	m Around the World in 80 playscript in front of er year level. a school newspaper or the news in a video.	<ul><li>The Diary of Little Red Riding Hood.</li><li>A National Geographic kids' article.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Write a diary entry in Word.</li> <li>Online exercises.</li> <li>Kahoot! reading comprehension activity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Empathy</li> <li>Working in teams and groups</li> <li>Value and respect culture.</li> </ul>	Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Cultural expressions

ENGLISH				YEA	R 4	
TEACHING UNIT: 7/15		NUMBER OF SI	ESSIONS: 10	DA <sup>-</sup>	ΓΕ <u>S:</u> <b>23</b> <sup>rd</sup>	January – 3 <sup>rd</sup> February
Project 3 – HOW WE EXPRESS OURSELVES - An inquiry into the	-	e express ideas, fe	elings and cul	ture and we r	eflect on,	extend and enjoy our creativity.
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:	ONIT 7. AI	SPECIFIC COM	PETENCES/	ASSESSMEN	IT CRITE	RIA
<ul> <li>Identify words and specific information from a song/video.</li> <li>Deduce the meaning of unknown words from the context.</li> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write an invitation and a set of inst</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Receptive sl</li><li>Productive s</li></ul>		2.3	<ul><li>Learn</li><li>Self-</li></ul>	ning strategies: 4.1, 4.2 reflection skills: 5.2, 5.3 ural awareness: 6.2	
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEAR	RS GOALS TA	RGETED		
<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.</li> <li>Work on strategies of transferring knowledge among languages</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Value and re</li><li>Acquire the</li></ul>	ividual and tea espect cultural communicative ir emotional int	diversity. e competence		nglish language.
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual schools						
LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING LANGUAGE				
<ul> <li>Listen, learn, and sing 2 songs of The Beatles.</li> <li>Listening – comprehension (video): how to do a Kandinsky's painting and paint it in class.</li> <li>Listening – comprehension (video): follow instructions to make a dove out of white clay for International Peace Day.</li> <li>Listening – comprehension (movie): Dr. Seuss "The Grinch".</li> <li>In pairs, retell the story of "The Grinch" using pictures.</li> <li>As a whole class, vote among a list of songs and chose one to learn how to dance it.</li> </ul>	Main features of:  Painting and Sculpture  Music  Dance  Movies  Architecture	Gap filling activities with The Beatles Present simple, Simple past,				ect, Subordinate clauses, ore/ fantasy, identify/ describe
TEMPORAL CRITERIA						
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete the with the context created by the readings.  CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS	ne proposed activiti	es and to support	the transdiscip	olinary projec	t itself. Th	ne proposed activities are related
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values			Key competences
<ul> <li>Visit an art gallery, attend a concert or a play in English.</li> <li>Make a comic about a day in their life, based on the diary entry written in the previous unit or about a chosen scene from the movie: The Grinch.</li> <li>30<sup>th</sup> January - celebrate International Peace Day</li> </ul>	<ul><li>The Beatles songs.</li><li>Instructions.</li></ul>	Videos Use Canva to make an infographic  .	Working	d respect cult in teams and nd conflict res	groups.	Plurilingual Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Cultural expressions

ENGLISH		YEAR 4			
TEACHING UNIT: 8/15		NUMBER OF SESSION	<u>S:</u> 14	DATES: 6th -	· 23 <sup>rd</sup> February
Project 3 – HOW WE EXPRESS OURSELVES - An inc	quiry into the ways in which we B: CELEBRATIONS AND TR	·		eflect on, exte	nd and enjoy our creativity.
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:	3. CLLLDNATIONS AND TN.	SPECIFIC COMPETEN		IT CRITERIA	
<ul> <li>Identify the gist and some details of a text /video.</li> <li>Describe present experiences.</li> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write an email in inform</li> <li>Deliver a presentation to the class.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinion</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2</li> <li>Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3</li> <li>Productive/ Interaction skills: 3.1,3.2</li> <li>Learning strategies: 4.1,</li> <li>Self-reflection skills: 5.2,</li> <li>Cultural awareness: 6.1,</li> </ul>			ction skills: 5.2, 5.3
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED	o in Englion.	PRIMARY YEARS GOA	LS TARGETED		
<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-refle</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English</li> <li>Value and respect cultural diversity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop individual and teamwork abilities.</li> <li>Value and respect cultural diversity.</li> <li>Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.</li> <li>Develop their emotional intelligence.</li> </ul>				
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingu		<u> </u>			
Listening (4 videos): about the celebrations.     Complete a Kahoot! of each to check understanding.     In pairs, discuss similarities and differences with celebrations they know. Share with the class.     Debates: different celebrations (from selected texts)	READING  Selected texts from "Multicultural celebrations and festivals" related to:  Chinese New Year  Holi – festival of colours  Easter Ramadan	In groups, chose one make a presentation     Write 4 different emyou were in these coyour experience.     Dictations from the second	nails to your family elebrations and des	as if Subord Sucribe scribe	nt continuous, Present
TEMPORAL CRITERIA					
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to with the context created by the readings.  CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:	complete the proposed activiti	es and to support the tran	sdisciplinary projec	t itself. The pro	oposed activities are related
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values		Key competences
<ul> <li>Invite relatives or family friends from other cultures to the class their traditions and celebrations.</li> <li>Organise an Easter Hunt at school.</li> <li>Decorate the class with crafts related to the celebrations.</li> <li>16<sup>th</sup> - 21<sup>st</sup> February - celebrate Carnival.</li> </ul>	share with	<ul> <li>Make a presentation using PowerPoint.</li> <li>Videos.</li> <li>Write emails.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Festivals and</li> <li>Greetings is countries.</li> <li>Value and residiversity.</li> </ul>	in different	Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Cultural expressions

ENGLISH		YEAR 4			
TEACHING UNIT: 9/15		NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 11	DATES: 28 <sup>th</sup> February – 14 <sup>th</sup> March		
Project 4 – HOW THE WORLD WO		al advances on society.			
	/EL, COMMUNIC	ATION AND ENTERTAINMENT			
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ ASSESSMEN			
<ul> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a checklist.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English</li> <li>Identify the gist and some details of a text /audio.</li> <li>Recognise words in a dictation.</li> </ul>	h.	<ul> <li>Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2</li> <li>Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3</li> <li>Productive/ Interaction skills: 3.1,3.2</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Learning strategies: 4.1, 4.2</li><li>Self-reflection skills: 5.2, 5.3</li></ul>		
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TARGETED			
<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.</li> <li>Promote the English language in everyday communicative situat</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Know social rules and values.</li> <li>Develop individual and teamwork abilities.</li> <li>Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.</li> <li>Develop basic digital competence.</li> </ul>			
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual schools					
	EADING	WRITING	LANGUAGE		
<ul> <li>Whole class (mingling) "find someone who" activity – Have you ever travel by?</li> <li>Listening – Comprehension activity (audio): at the airport</li> <li>In pairs, make a list of at least 4 pieces of advice to use the Internet safely giving reasons, then share it with the class.</li> <li>Whole class, vote the 10 most important pieces of advice.</li> <li>Listening (video): Movie trailers, chosen by the students.</li> <li>In pairs, talk about their favourite movie/s.</li> <li>Debates: The Story of Flying: The path to invention: advances and setbacks.</li> </ul>	The story of flying Key information in simple signs and notices. Movie review.	<ul> <li>Crossword activities.</li> <li>Write a checklist using Canva about safe use of the Internet.</li> <li>Write a short movie review.</li> <li>Dictations from The Story of Flying.</li> </ul>	Passive voice, Present Perfect review, Means of transport, Safety tips: roads, Communication: Computer, phones, letters and cards, Internet and social media, Free time, and hobbies, Simple signs and notices (railway stations, airports, etc.), Modals review: should and shouldn't, can and can't, need to.		
TEMPORAL CRITERIA					
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete th with the context created by the story and other readings.	ne proposed activition	es and to support the transdisciplinary projec	t itself. The proposed activities are related		

# CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:

Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values	Key competences
<ul> <li>Organise a visit to "Museo del Ferrocarril".</li> <li>Organise a visit to Madrid Airport.</li> <li>Invite Police officers to come and talk about "Safety on the Internet".</li> </ul>	F)118	<ul><li>Use "The Story of Flying" audiobook.</li><li>Use Canva to make a checklist.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Informed choices.</li> <li>Critical thinking.</li> <li>Working in teams and groups.</li> </ul>	Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Citizenship

ENGLISH		Y	YEAR 4	
TEACHING UNIT: 10/15		NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 11	DATES: 1	5 <sup>th</sup> – 30 <sup>th</sup> March
Project 4 – HOW THE WORLD W	ORKS - An enquiry i	nto the impact of scientific and technologica	al advances on society.	
-	• •	ORT, APPLIANCES AND HEALTH	,	
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ ASSESSME	ENT CRITERIA	
<ul> <li>Identify the gist and some details of a story/video.</li> <li>Deliver a basic short presentation to the class.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in Recognise words in a dictation.</li> </ul>	English.	<ul> <li>Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2</li> <li>Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3</li> <li>Productive/ Interaction skills: 3.1,3.2</li> <li>Learning strategies: 4.1, 4.2</li> <li>Self-reflection skills: 5.2, 5.3</li> </ul>		
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TARGETED		
<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English lang</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Develop individual and teamwork abil</li> <li>Acquire the communicative competen</li> <li>Develop basic digital competence.</li> </ul>		ge.
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual s				
LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING	LANGUAGE	
<ul> <li>Listening – comprehension activity (video): home life in the olden days.</li> <li>In pairs, choose an invention that you consider important, do some research, and deliver a presentation to the class.</li> <li>In groups, using a model, identity a social need and discuss possible solutions and inventions.</li> <li>Debates: The Story of Flying: how life was before all these inventions. Inventors' common features.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The story of flying.</li> <li>Safety tips: home, cooking, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Word search activities.</li> <li>In pairs, make a presentation PowerPoint about an important invenyou.</li> <li>In groups, make a mind map ab invention that you think is needed. prototype. Explain it with detail, follomodel.</li> <li>Dictations from The Story of Flying.</li> </ul>	using review and Appliances, Home a objects.	review: Present Perfect Simple Past, Home, ealth advances, Safety ind cooking, Describe
TEMPORAL CRITERIA				
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to comwith the context created by the story and other readings.	plete the proposed a	ctivities and to support the transdisciplinary	project itself. The propo	sed activities are related
CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:				
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values	Key competences
<ul> <li>Organise a visit to MUNCYT: "Museo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología" in Alcobendas (Madrid).</li> <li>Invite relatives or family friends who work in the Science, Technology or Engineering industries.</li> <li>17<sup>th</sup> March – celebrate St. Patrick's day.</li> </ul>	FIVE	<ul> <li>Use "The Story of Flying" audiobook.</li> <li>Make a presentation using PowerPoint.</li> <li>Make a mind map using Jam board.</li> <li>Search information on the Internet using Kiddle.com.</li> </ul>		Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Entrepreneurship

ENGLISH				YE	AR 4	
TEACHING UNIT: 11/15			NUMBER OF SESSION	<u>NS</u> : <b>10</b>	DATES: 1	11 <sup>th</sup> – 24 <sup>th</sup> April
Project 5 – HOW WE ORGAN	IIZE OURSELV	ES – Ar	n enquiry into human-made s	systems and com	munities and into e	conomic activities.
		UNIT	11: OUR SOCIETY			
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:			SPECIFIC COMPETENCES	S/ ASSESSMENT	CRITERIA	
<ul> <li>Identify the gist and some details of a story / vide</li> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a newspaper</li> <li>Deliver the news to the class in a short presentat</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opi</li> </ul>	article. tion in groups.		<ul> <li>Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2</li> <li>Productive skills: 2.1, 2.</li> <li>Productive/ Interaction s</li> </ul>	.2, 2.3	Self-reflection	rategies: 4.1, 4.2 on skills: 5.2, 5.3 areness: 6.1, 6.2, 6.3
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED			PRIMARY YEARS GOALS	TARGETED		
<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the Eng</li> <li>Work on strategies of transferring knowledge am</li> </ul>	lish language. ong languages.		<ul> <li>Know social rules and v</li> <li>Develop individual and s</li> <li>Acquire the communica</li> <li>Develop basic digital co</li> </ul>	teamwork abilities tive competence i		uage.
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bil					1	
<ul> <li>Listening - comprehension (video and audio): news programmes for children.</li> <li>In pairs, discuss the latest news.</li> <li>In groups, deliver the news as if you were TV presenters using visual aids.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>READING</li><li>Newspaper arti</li><li>The story of Ro</li></ul>	icles.	<ul> <li>Write a newspaper article about news you feel into</li> <li>In groups, write a play programme on TV.</li> <li>Dictations from the book</li> </ul>	erested in. script for a news	Media, the Con and responsibil democracy ad	adio, TV, newspapers, Social estitution, and the Law: rights ities, freedoms, government, elections, Review: Present tinuous, Simple Past, Present
Debate: The story of Rome: Similarities and differences with our way of living.			Rome"		Periect.	
TEMPORAL CRITERIA	-1 4			tuan a dia ain live a	ititif Ti	
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed with the context created by the story and other reading CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:		roposed	activities and to support the	transdisciplinary	project itself. The p	proposed activities are related
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT		Values		Key competences
Organise a visit to "Congreso de los Diputados" and/or "Senado".	THE STORY OF ROME	• Writ	• •	Living in a delight	emocracy.	Plurilingual Digital

appropriate format.

using Kiddle.com.

audiobook.

Search news and information

Use "The story of Rome"

Critical

thinking

information received from

Working in teams and groups.

mass and social media.

about

Personal, Social and Learn

how to learn.

**Cultural expressions** 

Citizenship

Organise a visit to "Micropolix" in San Sebastián

de los Reyes (Madrid).

• 22<sup>nd</sup> April – celebrate Earth Day.

23<sup>rd</sup> April – celebrate World Book day.

ENGLISH				YEAR 4				
	TEACHING UNIT: 12/15			NUMBER OF SESSION	NS: 10	DATES: 25 <sup>t</sup>	h April – 10 <sup>th</sup> May	
	Project 5 – HOW WE ORGANIZE O	JRSELVES - An en	quiry i	into human-made systems a	and communities	and into economic	c activities.	
		UN	IT 12:	2: OUR ECONOMY				
LE	EARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:			SPECIFIC COMPETENCE	ES/ ASSESSME	NT CRITERIA		
•	Identify the gist and some details of a story and a vic	eo.		Receptive skills: 1.1, 1			strategies: 4.1, 4.2	
•	Use the appropriate layout to write a dialogue.			• Productive skills: 2.1,	•		tion skills: 5.2, 5.3	
•	Role – play a dialogue in front of the class with approint intonation.		and	Productive/ Interaction	n skills: 3.1,3.2	Cultural av	wareness: 6.1, 6.2, 6.3	
•	Join conversations and share their ideas and opinior	s in English.						
Al	NNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED			PRIMARY YEARS GOAL				
•	Guarantee learning inclusion.			Develop individual and				
•	Encourage reading.				Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.			
•	Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-refle				Develop basic digital competence.			
•	Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English			Develop their emotion	nai intelligence.			
G	Promote the English language in everyday communi ENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingu		10					
	STENING AND SPEAKING	READING	12 -	WRITING		LANGUAGE	:	
•	Listening - comprehension (video): at the shop and	The Story of R	ome		nue at a shop		ne world of work, Economy	
	at a restaurant.	The etaly of the		<ul> <li>In pairs, write a dialog</li> </ul>			opping, Cost and amounts,	
•	In pairs, in front of the class, role-play the dialogues			• In groups, make a		ces order and bu	y food/drink. Review: Present	
	written at the shop and at a restaurant.			needed for the bake s		ons simple and	continuous, Simple Past,	
•	In groups, organise a bake sale at school to raise			on prices, and make p	osters using Can	va. Present Perf	ect.	
	money for a charity of their choice.			Dictations from the I	book "The story	of		
	Debate: The Story of Rome: Its legacy.			Rome"				
	EMPORAL CRITERIA	1						
	troduction of language and grammar that is needed to	complete the propo	sed a	activities and to support the t	transdisciplinary	project itself. The p	proposed activities are related	
	th the context created by the story and other readings. ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:							
	dditional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT		Values		Key competences	
•	Invite relatives or family friends with different occupations to share with the class what their jobs are about.  Organise a visit to "Museo Casa de la Moneda" (Madrid)	THE STORY OF ROME	• S	posters for the bake sale. Search on the Internet charity organisations.	<ul><li>Helping othe</li><li>Creative thin</li><li>Entrepreneur</li></ul>	king	Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Citizenship Entrepreneurship Cultural expressions	

ENGLISH			YEAR 4	
TEACHING UNIT: 13/15		NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 10	DATES: 11 <sup>th</sup>	– 24 <sup>th</sup> May
Project 6 – SHARING THE PLANET – An	, , ,	s and responsibilities towards nature, a	nd into peace and conflict r	esolution.
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ ASSES	SMENT CRITERIA	
<ul> <li>Identify the gist and some details of a story and a video.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English</li> <li>Deliver a basic short presentation to the class.</li> <li>Recognise words in a dictation.</li> </ul>	٦.	<ul> <li>Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2</li> <li>Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3</li> <li>Productive/ Interaction skills: 3.1,</li> </ul>	Learning strate     Self-reflection s	
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TARGET	ED	
<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.</li> <li>Work on strategies of transferring knowledge among languages</li> <li>GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual schools</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Know social rules and values.</li> <li>Develop individual and teamwork</li> <li>Acquire the communicative comp</li> <li>Develop basic digital competence</li> <li>Develop their emotional intelligen</li> </ul>	etence in the English langue.	lage.
LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING	LANGUAGE	
Listening – Comprehension (video): impact of human life on nature. In pairs, discuss the video and share with the class what you've learnt from it.  Listening – Comprehension (video): Sir David Attenborough. In pairs, discuss the video and choose an animal which is in danger. In pairs, deliver a presentation about an endangered animal. Debate: The story of rubbish: What surprises you?	The story of rubbish.	<ul> <li>Make a class poster wit contributions from the first video.</li> <li>In pairs, choose an animal which danger, do some research and pairs a presentation.</li> <li>Dictations from the book: "The sample of the pairs of t</li></ul>	danger, Food: gi Climate change, Frepare Simple Present Introduce: Future	
TEMPORAL CRITERIA				
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete the with the context created by the story and other readings.  CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:	ne proposed activ	ities and to support the transdisciplinar	y project itself. The propos	ed activities are related
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values	Key competences
<ul> <li>Organise a day trip to "Monte Valdelatas" (Madrid /Alcobendas)</li> <li>Organise a visit to "Kuna Ibérica" (Rehabilitation centre for wildlife)</li> </ul>	The Solly of Publish Sh	<ul> <li>Search information on the Internet using Kiddle.com.</li> <li>Search information in the Nationa Geographic Kids webpage.</li> <li>Make a presentation using Canva or PowerPoint.</li> <li>Use "The story of rubbish' audiobook.</li> </ul>	respecting nature.  Protecting animals in danger.  Working in teams and groups.	Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Citizenship

ENGLISH			YEAR 4		
TEACHING UNIT: 14/15		NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 10	DAT	ES: 25 <sup>th</sup> May	– 7 <sup>th</sup> June
Project 6 – SHARING THE PLANET – An enqu	uiry into rights and i	responsibilities towards nature, a	and into peace and	conflict resolut	ion.
U	NIT 14: WHAT C	AN WE DO ABOUT IT			
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/	ASSESSMENT CRI	TERIA	
Identify the gist and some details of a story and a video.		Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2		earning strateg	gies: 4.1, 4.2
<ul> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in Engli</li> </ul>	sh.	Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2	2.3 • S	Self-reflection s	kills: 5.2, 5.3
Deliver a short presentation to the class.		<ul> <li>Productive/ Interaction skill</li> </ul>	ls: 3.1,3.2		
Recognise words in a dictation.					
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TA	RGETED		
Guarantee learning inclusion.		<ul> <li>Know social rules and valu</li> </ul>	~ ~ .		
Encourage reading.		<ul> <li>Develop individual and tea</li> </ul>			
Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.		<ul> <li>Acquire the communicative</li> </ul>		English langu	age.
Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language		<ul> <li>Develop basic digital comp</li> </ul>	etence.		
GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual school		WOLTHIO			
LISTENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING	141 1 141 41 4	LANGUAGE	
<ul> <li>Listening – comprehension (video): how to save our planet.</li> <li>In groups, discuss best ways to help the planet following the 5 Rs.</li> <li>In groups, deliver a presentation of the web site to the class.</li> <li>Whole class, vote 5 initiatives, one per group, to put into practice at school and "sell" them to the school Principal.</li> <li>Debate: The story of rubbish: What will happen if we continue the same way? What have you learnt from the story?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The story of rubbish</li> <li>Magazine: article about the 5 Rs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In groups, make a web site help the environment by for Recycle, Reuse, Reduce, For Dictations from the book rubbish"</li> </ul>	ollowing the 5 Rs: Repair and Reject.	energy, Recy	, won't, going to, Probability, Types of voling rules, Single use esportation, Consumer
TEMPORAL CRITERIA					
Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete with the context created by the story and other readings.  CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:				lf. The propose	
Additional and extracurricular activities	Reading plan	ICT	Values		Key competences
<ul> <li>Organise a visit to the recycling plant: "Centro de visitantes del Parque Tecnológico Valdemingómez".</li> <li>Organise a visit to the local market.</li> </ul>	The Story of Clib Blazes	<ul> <li>Make a web site using google site.</li> <li>Search information on the Internet using Kiddle.com.</li> <li>Use "The story of rubbish" audiobook.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Responsibilities nature.</li> <li>Working in groups.</li> <li>Responsible companies.</li> <li>Creative thinking in groups.</li> </ul>	teams and consumption.	Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn. Citizenship Entrepreneurship

	ENGLISH			YEAR 4			
	TEACHING UNIT: 15/15		NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 10 DATES: 8 <sup>th</sup> – 21 <sup>st</sup> June				
	Project 6 – SHARING THE PLANE	T - An enquiry into rights and	l responsibilities towards nature, a	l nd into peace and confl	ict resolution		
		, , ,	CONFLICT RESOLUTION	ia into podoo dila comi			
LE	EARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:	01111 13.1 12.1012 / 1110	SPECIFIC COMPETENCES/ AS	SSESSMENT CRITERI	A		
•	Identify the gist and some details of a story and a v	ideo.	Receptive skills: 1.1, 1.2		ng strategies: 4.1, 4.2		
•	Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English.		<ul> <li>Productive skills: 2.1, 2.2, 2.</li> </ul>		eflection skills: 5.2, 5.3		
•	Deliver a short presentation to the class.	J	Productive/ Interaction skills		al awareness: 6.1, 6.2		
•	Recognise words in a dictation.						
1A	NNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TAR	RGETED			
•	Guarantee learning inclusion.		<ul> <li>Know social rules and value</li> </ul>	S.			
•	Encourage reading.		<ul> <li>Develop individual and team</li> </ul>	nwork abilities.			
•	Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-ref	flection.	<ul> <li>Value and respect cultural d</li> </ul>	iversity.			
•	Prioritize understanding and speaking in the Englis	h language.	Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.				
•	Value and respect cultural diversity.		Develop basic digital competence.				
			Develop their emotional intelligence.				
	ENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Biling						
LI	STENING AND SPEAKING	READING	WRITING		LANGUAGE		
•	Listening – comprehension (video): United	Story of some Nobel Peace Prize winners:	In groups, choose one of th		Apologise, Reach agreements, War, Refugees, Conflict,		
	Nations Sustainable Development Agenda 2030.	<ul><li>Martin Luther King Jr.</li></ul>	<ul><li>read about and make a pres</li><li>Make a class poster with all</li></ul>		War, Refugees, Conflict, Peace, Organisations. Review:		
•	In groups, deliver a presentation about one of the	9					
	characters we have read about	<ul> <li>Mother Teresa</li> </ul>	debate about how the school year went.  Simple Past, Simple Prese				
	characters we have read about.  Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it	<ul><li>Mother Teresa</li><li>Nelson Mandela</li></ul>					
•	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it	Nelson Mandela	Individually, self – reflection	composition: what did	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.		
•	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world?	<ul><li>Nelson Mandela</li><li>Malala Yousafzai</li></ul>	Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what w	composition: what did	Present Perfect, Introduce:		
•	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world?  Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during	<ul><li>Nelson Mandela</li><li>Malala Yousafzai</li><li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what w this English course?</li> </ul>	composition: what did vould you change from	Present Perfect, Introduce:		
• •	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world?	<ul><li>Nelson Mandela</li><li>Malala Yousafzai</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what w this English course?</li> </ul>	composition: what did vould you change from	Present Perfect, Introduce:		
Int	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world?  Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA  troduction of language and grammar that is needed to	<ul><li>Nelson Mandela</li><li>Malala Yousafzai</li><li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li><li>Mahatma Gandhi</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?</li> <li>Dictations from the readings</li> </ul>	composition: what did yould you change from	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.		
Int wi	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world? Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the the context created by the readings.	<ul><li>Nelson Mandela</li><li>Malala Yousafzai</li><li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li><li>Mahatma Gandhi</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?</li> <li>Dictations from the readings</li> </ul>	composition: what did yould you change from	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.		
Int wit	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world? Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA  troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the context created by the readings.  ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:	<ul> <li>Nelson Mandela</li> <li>Malala Yousafzai</li> <li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li> <li>Mahatma Gandhi</li> <li>o complete the proposed active</li> </ul>	Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?     Dictations from the readings ities and to support the transdisci	composition: what did vould you change from	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.  e proposed activities are related		
Int with	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world? Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the the context created by the readings.	<ul> <li>Nelson Mandela</li> <li>Malala Yousafzai</li> <li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li> <li>Mahatma Gandhi</li> <li>complete the proposed activ</li> </ul> Reading plan	<ul> <li>Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?</li> <li>Dictations from the readings</li> </ul>	composition: what did yould you change from	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.  e proposed activities are related  Key competences		
Int wit	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world?  Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the context created by the readings.  ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS: dditional and extracurricular activities  Decorate the class with different peace symbols.	<ul> <li>Nelson Mandela</li> <li>Malala Yousafzai</li> <li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li> <li>Mahatma Gandhi</li> <li>complete the proposed activ</li> </ul> Reading plan Biographies of some	Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?     Dictations from the readings ities and to support the transdisci  ICT     Make a presentation using	composition: what did yould you change from s.  plinary project itself. The Values  Peace	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.  e proposed activities are related  Key competences  Plurilingual		
Int wit	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world? Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA  troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the context created by the readings.  ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS: dditional and extracurricular activities  Decorate the class with different peace symbols. In a paper world map, place pins where there are	<ul> <li>Nelson Mandela</li> <li>Malala Yousafzai</li> <li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li> <li>Mahatma Gandhi</li> <li>complete the proposed activ</li> <li>Reading plan</li> <li>Biographies of some important world peace</li> </ul>	Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?     Dictations from the readings ities and to support the transdisci  ICT     Make a presentation using Canva or PowerPoint.	composition: what did yould you change from  plinary project itself. The Values  Peace Conflict resolution	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.  e proposed activities are related  Key competences  Plurilingual Digital		
Int with CF Ac	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world?  Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the context created by the readings.  ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS: dditional and extracurricular activities  Decorate the class with different peace symbols.	<ul> <li>Nelson Mandela</li> <li>Malala Yousafzai</li> <li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li> <li>Mahatma Gandhi</li> <li>complete the proposed activ</li> <li>Reading plan</li> <li>Biographies of some important world peace characters, taken from</li> </ul>	Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?     Dictations from the readings ities and to support the transdisci  ICT     Make a presentation using Canva or PowerPoint.     Search information on the	composition: what did yould you change from s.  plinary project itself. The Values  Peace Conflict resolution Creative thinking	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.  e proposed activities are related  Key competences  Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and		
Int with CF Ac	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world? Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA  troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the context created by the readings.  ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS: dditional and extracurricular activities  Decorate the class with different peace symbols. In a paper world map, place pins where there are	<ul> <li>Nelson Mandela</li> <li>Malala Yousafzai</li> <li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li> <li>Mahatma Gandhi</li> <li>complete the proposed activ</li> <li>Reading plan</li> <li>Biographies of some important world peace</li> </ul>	Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?     Dictations from the readings ities and to support the transdisci  ICT     Make a presentation using Canva or PowerPoint.	composition: what did yould you change from s.  plinary project itself. The Values  Peace Conflict resolution Creative thinking Global citizenship	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.  e proposed activities are related  Key competences  Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn.		
Int with CF Ac	Debate: Peace: What does it mean? Why is it important to keep peace in the world? Debate: Wrapping up: What have we learnt during the year?  EMPORAL CRITERIA  troduction of language and grammar that is needed to the context created by the readings.  ROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS: dditional and extracurricular activities  Decorate the class with different peace symbols. In a paper world map, place pins where there are	<ul> <li>Nelson Mandela</li> <li>Malala Yousafzai</li> <li>Story of a "missing" winner:</li> <li>Mahatma Gandhi</li> <li>complete the proposed activ</li> <li>Reading plan</li> <li>Biographies of some important world peace characters, taken from</li> </ul>	Individually, self – reflection you like the most and what we this English course?     Dictations from the readings ities and to support the transdisci  ICT     Make a presentation using Canva or PowerPoint.     Search information on the	composition: what did yould you change from s.  plinary project itself. The Values  Peace Conflict resolution Creative thinking	Present Perfect, Introduce: Future simple.  e proposed activities are related  Key competences  Plurilingual Digital Personal, Social and Learn how to learn.		

METHODOLOGY AND LEARNING RESOURCES

General principles of intervention

The methodology used to design the 15 teaching units, takes into consideration the

following approaches to learning: Firstly, the International Baccalaureate Primary

Years Programme (IBPYP). Secondly, a combination of active, flexible, and inclusive

learning practices that aim to apply a Universal Design for Learning (UDL). Finally,

and specifically regarding Teaching English as a Foreign Language (TEFL), a

Communicative approach with a stress in teaching through literature.

International Baccalaureate: Primary Years Programme (IBPYP)

Following Menéndez and Manso (2018), the IBPYP introduces a transdisciplinary

approach that helps primary students develop key competences for lifelong learning.

Furthermore, it encourages students to become independent learners through

collaboration and within a global view in mind. The IBPYP is an inquiry and

competence-based learning where student-self initiative can flourish.

In addition, the approach to assessment is also crucial, as it recognises the importance

of assessing the process of inquiry as well as the product, aiming to integrate and

support both. This fact leads to assessing not only learner's knowledge, but also their

skills and attitudes.

As Menéndez and Manso (2018) support, the Spanish national curriculum and the

IBPYP framework both complement each other. The IBPYP introduces flexibility,

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fosters interdisciplinary learning, and encourages competence acquisition through a powerful systematic approach, resulting in a very good contribution to the Spanish educational system.

To sum up, the IBPYP programme contributes to the achievement of the following targets within the "Objetivos de etapa" and "Objetivos didácticos" (see page 7 and 8): it helps develop individual and teamwork strategies as well as students' in-depth learning, autonomy, and self-reflection, and overall, promotes key competence acquisition.

### Active, flexible, and inclusive learning practices

The Universal Design for Learning (UDL) aims to achieve an inclusive education where all students regardless of their background, strengths, weaknesses, and styles of learning can benefit from a quality education.

According to Alba Pastor (2022) the UDL offers a framework to guide teaching practice that aims to guarantee that all students have learning and participation opportunities within their classroom. The UDL has three main principles: First, to offer multiple ways of student involvement. Second, to deliver information to students in a variety of ways. Finally, to offer students a range of options to demonstrate their knowledge and skills.

These three main principles require teachers to know their group of students well: their needs, skills, and interests and to identify all possible learning barriers. As a result, they can adjust their goals, assessment methods, methodologies and learning materials to suit all students. Regarding methodologies, it implies the use of active,

flexible, and inclusive learning practices, well supported by ICT tools, that play a pivotal role in achieving the above-mentioned goals.

The first principle, to offer multiple ways of student involvement, requires placing students at the centre of the learning process, encouraging student's independence and self-regulation, as well as collaboration among students. For this teaching plan, the use of a variety of grouping is the chosen strategy: working as a whole class, in small groups, in pairs as well as individually.

According to Betsy Parrish (2020) learner-centred view of teaching provides a learning environment that is more likely to address the diverse needs of the learners. It makes it possible by, among others, validating learners' prior knowledge and experiences, making content relevant to the learners' needs and interests, offering choices to students related to classroom activities, promoting higher order thinking skills and helping acquire strategies for learning inside and outside the classroom.

Additionally, to ensure students get involved in their learning and are motivated all along the process, project-based and transdisciplinary learning has been chosen, for being an engaging and active learning method that helps students transfer their knowledge and ideas across languages and subjects.

As stated by Katherine Bilsborough (2018) the obvious attraction of project - based learning is the motivating element. Furthermore, it involves real life communicative situations where language is an instrument to complete a given objective, requiring

multi-disciplinary skills and knowledge, eventually promoting a higher level of thinking that just learning vocabulary and grammar structures.

The second principle, the delivery of information to students in a variety of ways, is crucial to respond to a variety of learning styles and to Howard Gardner's multiple intelligences. Visual, Auditory, Read/Write and Kinaesthetic learning styles will be covered when offering information to students. As well as opportunities for all multiple intelligences to thrive along the academic year, thanks to a variety of topics covered by 6 different projects.

Furthermore, a range of active learning methods will be used to support understanding and information management. Thinking routines, mind maps as well as rubrics and checklists to help plan and develop classroom activities, plus controlled and guided writing, are implemented to provide appropriate scaffolding for learning and to encourage student's independence and self-regulation.

Thinking routines are the main tools to make thinking processes visible, activating previous knowledge and guiding the acquisition of new one through questioning. Following David Perkins and Ron Ritchhart (2008) the ultimate aspiration of using thinking routines regularly is building a strong culture of thinking in the classroom. This culture leads to students' learning through social interaction and to the development of thinking dispositions such as open-mindedness, curiosity, and a desire to understand.

Scaffolding is based on Vygotsky's Zone of Proximal Development (ZPD) theory. The ZPD was defined by Raymond (2000) as the distance between what children can do by themselves and the next learning that they can be helped to achieve with competent assistance. Scaffolding aims to help students bridge the gap between what they already know and what they need to learn. Its main strategies are providing support structures by breaking down unfamiliar skills into smaller and easier tasks and supporting student's development along the process. The goal of the educator is for the student to become and independent and self-regulating learner and problem solver (Hartman, 2002).

The last principle of the UDL, to offer students a range of options to demonstrate their knowledge and skills, is covered by the variety of tasks, the use of a variety of grouping and the range of tools offered to students to complete them. This area will be explained in more depth in the assessment section.

To sum up, active, flexible, and inclusive practices contribute to achieve the following targets within the "Objetivos de etapa" and "Objetivos didácticos" (see page 7 and 8): it helps develop individual and teamwork strategies, guarantees learning inclusion, and encourages students' in-depth learning, autonomy, and self-reflection.

# Communicative approach with a stress in teaching through literature

TEFL, as stated in the *Decree 61/2022, of 13<sup>th</sup> of July,* as well as in the *Order 5958/2010, of 7<sup>th</sup> of December*, must focus on encouraging communication in the English language, spending more time on speaking and listening than in reading and writing, although willing to achieve a balance among the four skills.

In this sense, this teaching plan takes a Teaching through Literature approach, where oral, written, and multimodal texts, are used to create a context for discussion and further learning, including a variety of text types: short stories, poems, instructions, plays, song lyrics, etcetera, and a variety of topics to motivate students. These topics are related to other areas of the curriculum as well as to the students' interests and to their personal and social context.

Learning English through literature, as stated in the article *Using literature – an introduction*, aims to create an engaging context to develop the four skills, reinforcing them simultaneously and as a result, helping learners improve through the natural process of language acquisition. Activities that focus on working not only "on the text" but mainly "from the text", such as role-plays, debates, discussions, dramatization, making predictions, making up new endings or titles and retelling, among others, are encouraged in the teaching plan to improve students' speaking and listening skills.

Furthermore, through literature students develop their critical thinking, creativity, joy of reading, expand their grammar and vocabulary, become familiar with different topics, get a world view, and learn values and emotions, through other people's stories, contributing towards their personal growth, among other advantages.

Nevertheless, there is an essential requirement to benefit from this approach: the chosen texts need to be relevant to our students. To achieve this requirement, the texts need to be, on the one hand, interesting for our students and on the other hand, they need to have the appropriate language level, according to Vygotsky's ZPD theory.

To sum up, this Communicative approach with a stress in teaching through literature, contributes to achieve the following targets within the "Objetivos de etapa" and "Objetivos didácticos" (see page 7 and 8): it helps develop students' social and emotional competence, promotes reading habits, it prioritises understanding and oral interaction in the English language to progressively achieve the plurilingual competence, and it contributes to know, respect and value cultural diversity.

# Personal, material, and spatial learning resources

#### Personal resources

- An English primary teacher and, according to the timetable and the number of hours designated per week, a native language assistant.
- Students' relatives and family friends who, depending on the project, could contribute with their knowledge and experience to the learning process.

#### Material resources

- Reading corner: With a wide variety of fiction and non-fiction graded books as
  well as non-graded non-fiction books for consultation. In addition, a section that
  changes with every new unit of inquiry, decorated accordingly to make it
  appealing, with titles related to the project.
- 20 copies (as many as students) of each of the books chosen as part of the Reading plan (about one per unit of inquiry) within the Usborne Young Reading catalogue together with its audiobook.
- CDs and films: appropriate to their age, interests, and level of English with subtitles.
- Posters and flashcards.

- Realia, such as: recipes, tourist brochures, maps, instructions, restaurant menus, newspapers, or magazines in English.
- Board games such as: memory games, Scrabble, who is who, etc.
- Monolingual and bilingual dictionaries.
- Multimedia resources: Digital whiteboard or projector with speakers, and Internet access.
- Personal devices: Chromebooks, tablets or similar for every student with Internet access to search information and to be able to read through the platform "Get epic", a free online library for children up to 12 years old.
- Twinkl.es platform: As one of the main sources for additional teaching and learning materials.

#### Spatial resources

- A cupboard to keep all devices safe, that also facilitates their recharge.
- A classroom with two different learning areas, one for working individually or in groups, with tables and chairs; and other area to hold class meetings or presentations and to use as a reading corner, with shelves, cushions, and other comfortable furniture to create an engaging as well as a relaxing atmosphere.

# Role of information technology in the learning process

The role of information technology is essential to achieve the Universal Design for Learning three main principles: to offer multiple ways of student involvement, to deliver information to students in a variety of ways and, to offer students a range of options to demonstrate their knowledge and skills.

A variety of digital tools will be used to share information from the teacher to their students, vice versa, as well as among students themselves. Audio books, presentations, videos, recordings, together with tools such as Kiddle search engine, Word Reference, Google Classroom, Jamboard, Google sites, Padlet, Kahoot, Studystack, Canva, Genially, Mentimeter, Plickers, Powtoon, Edpuzzle, Pic-collage, Blooket, Wix, Wordpress, Twinkl and Microsoft Office, among others, will be used to ensure all students have opportunities for learning and participation.

The use of ICT in the learning process contributes to develop individual and teamwork strategies, to achieve basic digital competence in our students and to guarantee learning inclusion, as stated in the "Objetivos de etapa" and "Objetivos didácticos" (see page 7 and 8).

# **ASSESSMENT**

# Assessment criteria in relation to objectives, competences, and content

SPECIFIC COMPETENCES	CONTENT	OBJECTIVES		ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	ASSESSMENT TOOL	WEIGHT
RECEPTIVE	Reading and	Encourage reading.	•	Promote reading habits.	Reading passport	5%
SKILLS (1)	Listening activities.	Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.	•	Identify the gist and some details in a story/text/video/audio. Recognise words in a dictation/song/video.	Questions and activities.	15%
		Develop their emotional intelligence.	•	Identify character's feelings and motivations.	Observational forms on attitude.	Assessed with specific competence 6
PRODUCTIVE SKILLS (2)	Speaking activities.	Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.	•	Deliver short presentations about a variety of topics. Participate in debates. Use the correct intonation and pronunciation.	Checklists on content and language.	15%
	Writing	Develop basic digital competence.	•	Use the provided ICT tool.	Pulsais in abudia a usa af IOT	
	activities.	Support the acquisition of the communicative competence in the English language.	•	Plan, paragraph, and link ideas. Use the appropriate layout in a variety of text types using a model. Summarise a story.	Rubric including use of ICT tools, as well as content and language.	15%
INTERACTION SKILLS (3)	In pairs and in groups activities.	Prioritize understanding and speaking.	•	Join conversations and share ideas and opinions in English. Request and give information in face-to-face conversations.	Checklists on content and language.	15%
		Develop individual and teamwork abilities.	•	Work effectively and independently individually and in pairs or groups.	Observational forms on	Assessed with specific
		Know social rules and values.	•	Respect rules and values previously agreed.	attitude.	competence 6

SPECIFIC COMPETENCES	CONTENT	OBJECTIVES		ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	ASSESSMENT TOOL	WEIGHT
LEARNING STRATEGIES (4)	Guided reading, thinking routines and collaborative work.	<ul> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Work on strategies of transferring knowledge among languages.</li> </ul>	•	Make predictions. Infer attitude and mood from a story. Deduce meaning from context. Use skimming and scanning strategies. Develop their curiosity. Benefit from collaborative work. Expand their creative and critical thinking. Use a variety of resources to support learning.	Checklists on abilities	10%
SELF- REFLECTION SKILLS (5)	Self- assessment and peer- assessment.	Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.  Focus both on process and	•	Show learning ownership. Identify own strengths and work on their weaknesses.  Able to assess peers´ presentations, writings,	Learning portfolios and roadmaps  Checklists on content and	10%
(5)		on product.	•	and dictations.	language	
CULTURAL AWARENESS (6)	Cultural awareness topic activities.	<ul> <li>Develop their emotional intelligence.</li> <li>Value and respect cultural diversity.</li> <li>Know social rules and values.</li> </ul>	•	Be open-minded. Embrace empathy and tolerance. Develop integrity and honesty.	Observational forms on attitude (includes assessment on emotional intelligence, rules and values and working individually and in teams - from previous table).	15%

The assessment follows the criteria established in the *Decreto 61/2022 de 13 de julio* of Comunidad de Madrid. Please, see Annex II for a comprehensive list of evaluation criteria.

The chosen strategy for assessing students learning is a combination of formative assessment, involving self-assessment and peer-assessment activities, together with summative assessment. It also involves evaluating the learning process as well as the product, determining not only learner's knowledge but also their skills and attitudes.

Furthermore, to guarantee learning inclusion, and following the Universal Design for Learning principles, students will be offered a range of options to demonstrate their knowledge and skills. As a result, all proposed assessment criteria would have alternative formats to adapt to the needs of the students whenever appropriate.

Formative assessment is aimed to promote deep learning, where self-reflection and independence are highly encouraged and where the process is as important as the product. For this goal, an individual learning portfolio that includes a learning roadmap is the chosen tool. Additionally, peer assessment is implemented based on checklists to help students learn from each other, to promote reflection on their learning process and to offer opportunities to improve the product before its deadline.

A summative assessment will be conducted at the start (in September) and in the middle of the school year (in January) to determine students' starting point and progress. These assessments are intended to be purely informative as they will give the teacher precious information about their students' needs and the effectiveness of their teaching method to make any necessary adjustments.

As well, 15 summative assessments will be carried out along the year, concurring with the end of every teaching unit. Students will access in advance all rubrics, checklist and observational forms used to assess their given tasks and their expected attitude.

Appropriate feedback will be given on content, language, and attitude, with suggestions to improve.

At the end of every unit of enquiry or project, six in total, a qualitative report will be issued where 5 levels of possible attainment will be shown: very high, high, sound, developing or emerging. Every specific competence: receptive sills, productive skills, interaction skills, learning strategies, self-reflection skills and cultural awareness, will be assessed. A global grade, that reflects the different weights of every specific competence, will as well be issued.

# Minimum standards and extraordinary assessment

It is expected that all students participate and complete at least 80% of all activities and tasks with a minimum global standard of "sound" (50%) at the end of every unit of enquiry (a total of six units of enquiry or projects along the school year).

If this minimum global grade is not achieved, then the assessment conducted at the start and in the middle of the school year would be taken into consideration, to assess whether the student has achieved any progress given their starting point.

In case the student hasn't reach any progress, alternative tasks would be set for the student to help them reach the minimum standard required. On the contrary, if the student has reach progress from their starting point, although without reaching the minimum required of 50%, adjustments will be implemented for future units, and the minimum requirement would be considered as reached.

# ATTENTION TO DIVERSITY

This annual teaching plan follows the measures included in the school's "Attention to Diversity Plan". We can distinguish general, ordinary, and extraordinary measures to support all students' needs. General measures, include specific programs such as the IB programme, the reading programme, and the digital competence programme while no extraordinary measures apply to this particular group of students.

In regard to ordinary measures, that mainly focus on room's resources and methodology, this annual teaching plan has considered the needs of the ADHD students as well as other students' who need learning support due to personal or previous schooling history. As already explained, in the methodology and resources section, a combination of active, flexible, and inclusive learning practices is put into place to apply a Universal Design for Learning (UDL).

Following the three UDL principles, this annual teaching plan aims to offer multiple ways of student involvement, to deliver information to students in a variety of ways and to offer students a range of options to demonstrate their knowledge and skills.

As a result, the student is placed at the centre of the learning process, a variety of grouping is used to allow peer support, project-based and transdisciplinary learning is the chosen strategy to engage and help students transfer knowledge among subjects, a variety of activities is equally implemented, while thinking routines are systematically used as well as carefully planned scaffolded learning. Furthermore, a variety of resources and activities supports the learning process, such as: audiobooks, videos with subtitles, plenty of visual information and hands-on activities.

Last, but not least, a flexible assessment method is in place to ensure knowledge, skills and attitudes are being considered. This method values the process as much as the product and offers students alternative formats of assessment activities to adapt to the needs of the students whenever appropriate.

Additionally, there are a number of specific measures intended for ADHD students that apply to this teaching plan and that were established by law in 2014 (Comunidad de Madrid: *Instrucciones*). Some of them have already been mentioned. They all focus on adapting time, type, and method of assessment. When doing a test, students will have up to 35% extra time to finish it, the text will be written using appropriate size and font, alternative formats will be offered such as: oral tests, multiple choice tests, etcetera, questions will be read aloud, and the students will be able to do their tests in a separate room.

# CONTRIBUTION TO OTHER TEACHING PLANS

# School harmony and wellbeing plan

This annual teaching plan contributes to a healthy and positive atmosphere at school by developing student's emotional intelligence through a variety of reading activities, by working effectively both individually and in pairs or groups, by respecting rules and values that students previously discussed and agreed to, and by developing their value and respect towards cultural diversity, helping them being open-minded, embracing empathy and tolerance as well as integrity and honesty, all through cultural awareness topic activities and projects.

#### Reading plan

This annual teaching plan contributes to the school's reading plan by choosing a communicative approach to learning English with a stress in teaching through literature. Students read 5 books in class along the school year plus a variety of texts. They are also encouraged to read further out of class by introducing a reading passport that rewards students who read in English. Furthermore, through its Big Buddy Reading Scheme, secondary students come and read with their allocated buddy in a primary class, fostering reading habits too.

# Digital competence plan

This annual teaching plan contributes to the school's digital competence plan by designing a variety of writing and presentation activities that require a range of ICT tools such as PowerPoint, Word, Canva, Padlet, Jam board and Google site, plus the use of an internet search engine such as Kiddle.com.

# IB programme

Last but not least, this annual teaching plan contributes to the school's IB programme by following its 6 units of enquiry and by working collaboratively and transdisciplinary with other areas of the curriculum.

# CONCLUSION

The achievement of the plurilingual competence is crucial during compulsory school years. In my view, the English competence is truly and easily acquired when worked alongside other competences and subjects, which provide a holistic approach as well as a long-term and deep learning.

This teaching plan is part of a transdisciplinary project-based one, and so, all subjects work on the same direction, complementing and supporting each other, resulting in a meaningful learning journey for students.

In addition, on this plan, the student is placed at the centre of the learning process: their previous knowledge, ideas, experiences, and interests are considered as an essential part of the approach. It seeks students to question themselves and to establish connections with other areas of knowledge and with their own live experiences, to ultimate develop competences and values such as citizenship, entrepreneurship, critical thinking or value and respect cultural diversity.

The rationale behind this teaching plan is clear: English is not a goal in itself but a powerful tool to develop each student's view of themselves and of the world around them, helping them grow as confident, responsible, and capable future global citizens.

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# Reading plan titles

# PROJECT 1: WHO WE ARE

Wilkes, A. (2007) Robinson Crusoe. Based on the story by Daniel Defoe.
 Usborne Young Reading 2.

#### PROJECT 2: WHERE WE ARE IN PLACE AND TIME

Bingham, J. (2004) Around the World in 80 days. Based on the story by Jules
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# PROJECT 3: HOW WE EXPRESS OURSELVES

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  month-by-month guide to celebrations around the year. Australia: Teaching
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# PROJECT 4: HOW THE WORLD WORKS

• Sims, L. (2007) The Story of Flying. Usborne Young Reading 2.

# PROJECT 5: HOW WE ORGANISE OURSELVES

Dickins, R. (2007) The Story of Rome. Usborne Young Reading 2.

#### PROJECT 6: SHARING THE PLANET

Daynes, K. (2007) The story of Rubbish. Usborne Young Reading 2.

# ANNEX I: PROJECT 3: Unit 6

# Previous considerations

This annual teaching plan considers the number of hours of the English subject per week that Bilingual schools in the *Comunidad de Madrid* has set in 5 hours. Therefore, most teaching units include between 10 and 15 sessions each, taking about two to three weeks to complete.

The following table shows the framework that guides classwork throughout the week.

This framework sets certain learning routines while allowing flexibility.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
Guided reading	Language focus	Guided reading	Writing activity	Guided reading
Speaking activity: in groups or whole class debate.	activities: listening, pronunciation and comprehension	Speaking activity in groups or pairs.		Dictation
Oral presentations (If applicable)				Oral presentations (if applicable)

The following teaching unit focus on "Literature" as part of the unit of enquiry "How we express ourselves". These 10 sessions aim to help students identify the main literature genres and to encourage reading habits while exploring and questioning different texts: a playscript, a diary entry, a poem, a magazine article, and a fiction book.

ENGLISH			YEAR 4	
OUTLINE: UNIT 6: LITERATURE  Project 3 – HOW WE EXPRESS OURSELVES: LITERA	ATURE	NUMBER OF SESSIONS: 1		DATES: 9 <sup>th</sup> – 20 <sup>th</sup> January
LEARNING OUTCOMES: Students will be able to:		SPECIFIC COMPETENCES / AS	SSESSMENT C	CRITERIA
<ul> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a diary entry.</li> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a book review.</li> <li>Use the correct intonation and pronunciation while reading a script</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a diary entry.</li> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a book review.</li> <li>Use the correct intonation and pronunciation while reading a script or a poem.</li> </ul>			Learning strategies: 4.1, 4.2 Self-reflection skills: 5.2, 5.3 Cultural awareness: 6.1, 6.2, 6.3
ANNUAL TEACHING PLAN AIMS TARGETED		PRIMARY YEARS GOALS TAR	GETED	
<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.</li> <li>GENERAL SKILLS, TASKS AND LANGUAGE / Bilingual schools s</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop individual and teamwork abilities.</li> <li>Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.</li> <li>Develop basic digital competence.</li> <li>Develop their emotional intelligence.</li> </ul>			
	EADING	WRITING	L	ANGUAGE
<ul> <li>As a whole class, role-play a playscript.</li> <li>In pairs, talk about their favourite readings.</li> <li>As a whole class, recite a poem aloud.</li> <li>In groups, summarise a non-fiction article read individually as part of a jigsaw reading activity.</li> <li>Listening – comprehension (audio book): fiction story.</li> <li>As a whole class, share one of their favourite books / stories.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Write a diary entry following model.</li> <li>Write a book/story review.</li> <li>Dictations from "The Cat in the Little Miss Giggles.</li> </ul>	ng a given P P c ne Hat" and d	Present simple, Simple past, Present Perfect, Subordinate lauses, Folklore/ fantasy, Identify/ escribe people, Genres, Likes and lislikes.
Participate in whole class debates.				
TEMPORAL CRITERIA Introduction of language and grammar that is needed to complete the with the context created by the readings. CROSS-CURRICULAR ELEMENTS:	proposed activities a	and to support the transdisciplinary	y project itself.	The proposed activities are related
Additional and extracurricular activities Reading plan		ICT	Values	Key competences
<ul> <li>Perform Around the World in 80 days playscript in front of another year level.</li> <li>Write a school newspaper or record the news in a video.</li> <li>Extracts of: <ul> <li>The Diary of Little Re</li> <li>A National Geograph</li> <li>Dr. Seuss "The Cat in</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write a diary entry in Word.</li> <li>Online exercises.</li> <li>Kahoot! reading comprehension activity.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Empathy</li><li>Working ir and group</li><li>Value</li></ul>		

Around the world in 80 days playscript.

• Little Miss Giggles

Cultural expressions

respect culture.

ENGLISH MONDAY,				9 <sup>TH</sup> JANUAR	Υ	YEAR 4	
			SESSION 1: DRA	AMA: PLAYS	CRIPT		
		PROJECT:	HOW WE EXPRESS O	URSELVES. I	UNIT 6: LITERATURE		
SPECIFIC COMPE	ETENCES	CONTENT	TEACHING OBJE	ECTIVES	LEARNING OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENT METHOD	
					SWAT		
<ul><li>Receptive skills</li><li>Productive skill</li><li>Interaction skill</li><li>Learning strate</li></ul>	ls Is	<ul> <li>Genres:         Playscript.     </li> <li>Listening and         Speaking: role- play script and         share ideas and         opinions.     </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantee learnir</li> <li>Encourage readin</li> <li>Prioritize understa speaking in the En language.</li> <li>Develop their emonintelligence.</li> </ul>	ng. Anding and Inglish	<ul> <li>Identify the gist and infer the attitude or mood from a text.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English.</li> <li>Use the correct intonation and pronunciation when reading a script.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Worksheet.</li> <li>Checklist on content and language</li> <li>Observational forms on attitude.</li> </ul>	
PREVIOUS KNOW	WLEDGE		MAT	ERIALS	· ·	SPACES	
<ul> <li>Around the world in 80 days story (previous unit).</li> <li>Feelings.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Copies of "Around playscript.</li> </ul>	An item to help characterise every role.   • Varied grouping		<ul> <li>Classroom working area.</li> <li>Reading/ Meeting area for the role playing</li> </ul>		
STAGE	TIME		ACTIVITIES				
WARM UP	5 min	Christmas present	Welcome everyone back from the Christmas break. Has anyone received a book as a Christmas present? Hand out the worksheet and the playscript.  Introduce new teaching unit: "Literature" and new vocabulary: genre, fiction, non-fiction,				
PRE-READING	10 min	<ul> <li>Prediction task: What kind of text is this?</li> <li>Context: Have you ever watched a play at the theatre? Have you ever watched a movie?</li> <li>Pre- teach vocabulary: twice, won't, mess.</li> </ul>					
WHILE READING	20 min	<ul> <li>1st Reading: Individually. Gist question: What part of the story "Around the world" is this scene taken from? What makes you say that? Think, pair, and share (thinking routines).</li> <li>2nd Reading: Choose 2 Ss to role-play the scene. Individually: Infer attitude or mood from the characters and share it with the class. What makes you say that?</li> </ul>					
POST READING	20 min	<ul> <li>Thinking routines: what looks similar and what is different between a story and a playscript?</li> <li>Role- play the scene</li> </ul> WHOLE CLASS IN PAIRS					
	BAC	CK UP ACTIVITIES			POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ DIFFI	CULTIES	
Role - play other	er scenes.			Pronunc	iation of the word literature.		

# DIALOGUE 1 ed track 11

is coming back from the Reform Club to tell Passepartout about the journey around the world.)

Phileas Fogg: Passepartout! Passepartout!

Passepartout: Mr. Fogg?

Phileas Fogg: Passepartout, I called

you twice.

Passepartout: Forgive me, I didn't expect you back so soon. You said that you'd return at half past ten from the Reform Club, and it is only...

Phileas Fogg: I know! We leave in ten minutes.

Passepartout: Is the good sir going away?

Phileas Fogg: Yes. We are going to travel around the world.

Passepartout: So that means that the good sir won't be here for breakfast. One moment... around the world?

Phileas Fogg: Yes, in eighty days. Don't ask how I have ended up in this mess. I will explain later. But the fact is that I have decided to go around the world in eighty days.

Passepartout: But... the suitcases?

(Background: In this scene, Mr. Fogg Phileas Fogg: No suitcases. A travel pack with just a few things: a pair of shirts and four socks for each of

> Passepartout: Very well, Mr. Fogg. But, did you say around the world?

Phileas Fogg: Yes, all the way around.

Passepartout: Yeah. In... in... eighty

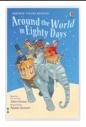
days.

Phileas Fogg: Get everything ready!



#### SOURCE:

http://guixols.cat/files/educacio/teatre escolar 2011/Around the world in 80%20days.pdf



Name Date

Unit Project

#### Literature

#### New vocabulary

#### Questions

- What part of the story is this scene taken from?
- What makes you say that?
- How do you think Mr. Fogg feel? And Passepartout?

#### Comparing a story and a playscript

Similarities

Differences

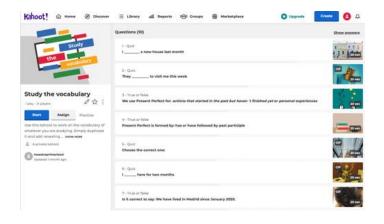
SOURCE: Own made resource

ENGLISH		TUESDAY, 10 <sup>TH</sup> JANUARY YEAR 4					
			T				
	PROJECT: HOW WE EXPRESS OURSELVES. UNIT 6: LITERATURE						
SPECIFIC COMPETENC		CONTENT	TEACHING OBJE	CTIVES	LEARNING OUTCOMES SWAT	ASSESSMENT METHOD	
<ul> <li>Receptive skill</li> <li>Productive skill</li> <li>Interaction skill</li> <li>Learning strate</li> <li>Self-reflection</li> </ul>	lls Is egies	<ul> <li>Language in use: Present Perfect, Simple Past, Present Perfect.</li> <li>Speaking: talking about their likes and dislikes, face to face conversations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantee learning</li> <li>Promote significant autonomy and self-r</li> <li>Acquire the communicompetence in the Elanguage.</li> <li>Develop basic digital competence.</li> </ul>	learning: reflection. nicative English	<ul> <li>Scan a text to locate specific information.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English using Past Simple or Present Perfect when appropriate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Completed worksheet.</li> <li>Checklist on content and language</li> <li>Observational forms on attitude.</li> </ul>	
PREVIOUS KNOWLEDG			MATERIAI	LS		SPACES	
Simple Past	Present Perfect. • Laptops and Internet conr		Text in bigger font.		Classroom working area.		
STAGE	TIME		ACTIVITIE			GROUPING	
WARM UP	10 min	<ul> <li>Read the script "Around the world in 80 days" again and identify verbs in the text in Present Simple, Simple Past and Present Perfect. Complete the given table.</li> <li>Think, pair, and share (thinking routine).</li> </ul>					
PRESENT	10 min	<ul> <li>When do we use Simple Past? When do we use Present Perfect?</li> <li>Complete the given table.</li> </ul> WHOLE CLASS					
PRACTICE	15 min	Exercises to reinforce its	INDIVIDUAL				
PRODUCE	20 min	<ul> <li>Interview with open ender answers.</li> </ul>	IN PAIRS				
		BACK UP ACTIVITIES			POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ D	IFFICULTIES	
Extend the interview in pairs to a whole class mingling activity.      If the Internet conn				rnet connection fails, back up act	vities would be done instead.		

# LANGUAGE IN USE: Simple Past and Present Perfect

	Simple past	Present perfect	Present simple
<b>Examples from</b>			
"Around the			
World in 80			
days"			
script			
Use			

# Exercises: KAHOOT!



# LANGUAGE IN USE: Interview script

Name of interviewed person.	
What is your favourite book?	
Do you like poetry?	
Have you ever taken part in a when?	play? If not, would you like to? If ye
Do you prefer fiction or non-fi	ction literature?
Have you read any interesting	book recently?
Which one?	
Last year, how many books did	d you read?
Ask your partner, any other qu dislikes.	uestions about his or her reading like

SOURCE: Own made resources

ENGL	ISH		YEAR 4					
		PROJECT	SESSION 3: NON — FIG. HOW WE EXPRESS OUR	SELVES. UNIT 6: LITERATURE				
SPECIFIC COM	IPETENCES	CONTENT	TEACHING OBJECTIVE	S LEARNING OUTCOME SWAT	S ASSESSMENT METHOD			
<ul> <li>Productive skills</li> <li>Interaction skills</li> <li>Learning strategies</li> <li>Self-reflection skills</li> <li>entry layout and lexis used.</li> <li>Speaking: share ideas and opinions.</li> <li>Encourage reading</li> <li>Prioritize understar speaking in the En language.</li> <li>Develop individual</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Prioritize understanding speaking in the English language.</li> <li>Develop individual and teamwork abilities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Join conversations and share ideas and opinions in English</li> <li>Use the correct intonation are pronunciation when reading</li> </ul>	worksheet.  Checklist on content and language etheir  Observational forms on attitude.  at text.				
PREVIOUS KN			MATERIALS		SPACES			
	ing Hood story le, Simple Past Perfect.		GENERAL  Copies of the Diary of Little Red Riding Hood. Worksheet.  ATTENTION TO DIVERSITY  • Text in bigger font. • Varied grouping		Classroom working area.			
STAGE	TIME		ACTIV		GROUPING			
WARM UP	5 min	<ul> <li>Context: Anyone story?</li> </ul>	in the class writes a diary?	What do you know about Little Red Ric	ding Hood   WHOLE CLASS			
PRE-READING	10 min	<ul><li>Hand out the diar</li><li>Prediction: What</li></ul>	Hand out the diary extract and the worksheet.  Prediction: What kind of text is this: fiction, non-fiction, poetry, or drama? Diary vs Fairy tale.  WHOLE CLASS					
WHILE READING	15 min	<ul> <li>1st Reading: Individually. Who do you think writes the diary? What makes you say that?</li> <li>2nd Reading: Read aloud. Identify verbs in the text in Simple Past and infer the meaning of "charming" from context.</li> </ul>						
POST READING	25 min	<ul> <li>In groups, think of a different ending for Little Red Riding Hood day.</li> <li>Identify in the text: main features of a diary, sequencing data: First, Then, Finally, Next, After that,</li> <li>Think, pair, and share (thinking routine)</li> </ul>						
	BAC	K UP ACTIVITIES		POSSIBLE BARRIER	RS/ DIFFICULTIES			
	<ul> <li>Listen to Little Red Riding Hood fairy tale: <a href="https://youtu.be/GbzMC6qAzVU">https://youtu.be/GbzMC6qAzVU</a></li> <li>Start planning their own diary entry (next session task)</li> </ul>							

# Diary of Little Red Riding Hood

Saturday 4th May

Dear diary,

You are not going to believe the day I have had! First thing this morning, my mum told me I had to take some cakes to my poorly granny. I secretly wanted to stay and play in the garden but I felt bad for poor Granny so, I grumpily agreed. It was such a beautiful day as I walked though the woods, I just had to stop and pick some lovely red flowers.

Then suddenly, a wolf appeared from behind a tree! He was very

charming and told me a shortcut to get to granny's house.
I thought he seemed very clever so I stupidly believed

him.

Finally, I got to Granny's house and I knew at once something strange was going on. Granny didn't look like herself at all. I asked Granny a lot of questions

and just in time I worked out it wasn't Granny at all!

Next, a kind woodcutter came and helped me uncover the wolf and

rescue poor granny. I felt very scared but I knew I had to be brave.

After that, the woodcutter took me home and Mum couldn't believe the adventure I'd had. Now it's well past my bedtime and I am very tired. I don't think I'll ever trust a wolf again!

Little Red Riding Hood









SOURCE: www.twinkl.es

Little Red Riding Hood
New vocabulary

Name Date

Unit

Project

new vocabular	y
vev vocabalai	y

In groups, think of a different ending for Little Red Riding Hood day.

MAIN	FEATURES OF A DIARY ENTRY
Feature	Example from the text
Includes the	
date	
Uses "I", "me"	
and "my"	
Writes in past	
tense	
Describes	
feelings	
Includes most	
important	
events in	
order	
Uses time	
linking words	

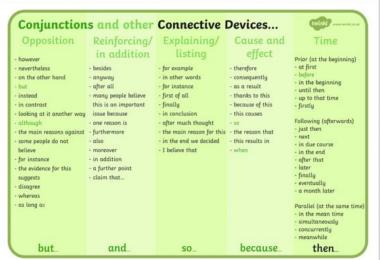
SOURCE: Own made resource

ENGLISH		SESSI	(	YEAR 4		
SESSION 4: NON – FICTION: DIARY ENTRY  PROJECT: HOW WE EXPRESS OURSELVES. UNIT 6: LITERATURE						
SPECIFIC COMPETENC		CONTENT	TEACHING OBJE	CTIVES	LEARNING OUTCOMES SWAT	ASSESSMENT METHOD
<ul><li>Productive ski</li><li>Learning strate</li><li>Self-reflection</li></ul>	egies	<ul> <li>Writing; Diary entry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Develop basic digital competence.</li> <li>Use the appropriate layout to write a diary entry.</li> <li>Self-assess their work and give appropriate feedback to their partner.</li> </ul>		Checklist on content and language	
PREVIOUS KNOWLEDO		MATERIALS			SPACES	
features	features  Simple past and Past Perfect use.  Diary entry checklist.  Models with less or more guidance. Time conjunctions and adverbials. Adjectives expressing feelings. Laptops  Variety of models with less guidance to support the production of t			Classroom working area.		
STAGE	TIME		ACTIVITIE	S		GROUPING
WARM UP WRITING TIME	5 min 40 min				WHOLE CLASS INDIVIDUAL	
PEER FEEDBACK	15 min				IN PAIRS	
	BACK UP ACTIVITIES			POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ DIFFICULTIES		
<ul><li>Extend the diary entry to up to 100 words.</li><li>Reading time.</li></ul>				task is too difficult for some studer ing day to complete it.	nts, they can have extra time the	

# **Diary Writing Checklist**







SOURCE: www.twinkl.es

# LESS GUIDED MODEL

# MORE GUIDED MODEL

Dear diary,	Date:
First I woke up and	Dear diary,
	First I woke up and
	I felt
	Then, I
	I felt
	Next, I
	I felt
	After that, I
Today has been	Today has heen
	I hope tomorrow
	- From,
T hone tomorrow	·
I hope tomorrow	
From,	
nce nce	

SOURCE: www.twinkl.es

ENGLISH			FRIDAY, 13 <sup>TH</sup> JAN	NUARY	YEAR 4	
			SESSION 5: PO	DETRY		
		PROJECT	T: HOW WE EXPRESS OURS	SELVES. <b>Unit 6:</b> Literature		
SPECIFIC COMPETENC		CONTENT TEACHING OBJECTIVES LEARNING OUTCOMES SWAT			ASSESSMENT METHOD	
<ul> <li>Receptive skil</li> <li>Productive skil</li> <li>Interaction skil</li> <li>Learning strat</li> <li>Self-reflection</li> </ul>	ills Ils egies	<ul> <li>Genres: Poem</li> <li>Pronunciation.</li> <li>Listening – comprehension.</li> <li>Speaking: share ideas and opinions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Develop individual and teamwork abilities.</li> <li>Identify the gist and some details from a text.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and opinions in English.</li> <li>Use the correct intonation and pronunciation when reading a text.</li> <li>Recognise words in a dictation.</li> <li>Self-assess their work.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Completed worksheet.</li> <li>Checklist on content and language</li> <li>Observational forms on attitude.</li> </ul>	
PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE			MATERIALS		SPACES	
<ul> <li>GENERAL</li> <li>Worksheet "The Cat in the Hat"</li> <li>Dr. Seuss books.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>ATTENTION TO DIVERSITY</li> <li>Text in bigger font.</li> <li>Varied grouping</li> </ul>			
STAGE	TIME	Dir Godos Books.	ACTIVITIES		GROUPING	
WARM UP	5 min	Introduce Dr. Seuss: his	s works and characters.		WHOLE CLASS	
PRE-READING	10 min	Context: What is similar				
WHILE READING	15 min	<ul> <li>1st Reading: Individually. Gist question: What is the story about? What makes you say that? (thinking routine)</li> <li>2nd Reading: Read aloud (stress pronunciation and focus on rhyme) What do you think it could happen next? What makes you say that?</li> </ul>				
POST READING	30 min	<ul> <li>Complete the reading comprehension questions. Compare them with those of your partner.</li> <li>Dictation task from The Cat in the Hat extract. Compare with the copy and self-assess.</li> </ul>				
		BACK UP ACTIVITIES		POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ DIFF	FICULTIES	
	<ul> <li>Listen to the audiobook: <a href="https://youtu.be/FIVvEIHEIfQ">https://youtu.be/FIVvEIHEIfQ</a></li> <li>In pairs, read the poem to each other and try to memorize it.</li> </ul>					

#### The Cat In The Hat (extract) Dr Seuss

The sun did not shine. It was too wet to play. So we sat in the house all that cold, cold, wet day.

I sat there with sally. We sat there, we two. and I said, 'how I wish we had something to do!'

Too wet to go out and too cold to play ball. So we sat in the house. We did nothing at all.

So all we could do was to

Sit!

Sit!

Sit!

And we did not like it. Not one little bit.



#### Questions

- 1. What was the weather like today?
- 2. What month do you think it might be? \_
- 3. Why couldn't they go out? Tick one.
  - O It was too wet.
  - O The door was locked.
  - O They were tired.
- Why couldn't they play ball? Tick one.O They didn't have a ball.

  - O It was too cold.
  - O They were busy.
- 5. What did they wish for? Tick one.
  - O Something to do.
  - O Something to eat.
  - O To go to bed.

<ol><li>Do you like it when it rains? Explain your answ</li></ol>	ver.	
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SOURCE: https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/cat-in-thehat-comprehension-12414378

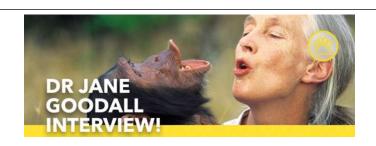
Dr. Seuss THE  THE  HAT	Name  Date  Unit  Project
New vocabulary	
Dictation	

SOURCE: Own made resource

ENGLISH		MONDAY, 16 <sup>TH</sup> JANUARY				YEAR 4
		PROJE	CT: HOW WE EXPRESS OUR	SELVES. UNIT 6:	LITERATURE	
SDECIE	SPECIFIC CONTENT TEACHING OBJECTIVES LEARNING OUTCOMES					
COMPETE		CONTENT	TEACHING OBJEC	IIVES	SWAT	ASSESSMENT METHOD
<ul><li>Receptive si</li><li>Productive si</li><li>Interaction si</li><li>Learning str</li></ul>	skills skills	<ul> <li>Genres: Magazine article</li> <li>Listening and Speaking: share ideas and opinions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Prioritize understanding and speaking in the English language.</li> <li>Take notes and summarize from a text.</li> <li>Join conversations and share their ideas and</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Completed worksheet.</li> <li>Checklist on content and language</li> <li>Observational forms on attitude.</li> </ul>	
PREVIO KNOWLE			MATERIALS			
Past simple		GE	NERAL	TION TO DIVERSITY	Classroom working	
Perfect and	d Present	•	from National Geographic kids.		er font, dialogues have different	area.
simple.		Copies of the Welleries.		colours.		
Animals, nat     STAGE	TIME		ACTIVITII	Jigsaw readi     S	ing activity.	GROUPING
WARM UP	5 min	Review the topic of the series of the s	he teaching unit: "Literature" and		ave seen so far	WHOLE CLASS
			ver heard about Jane Goodall?		ave 55511 55 Idi.	
PRE-	10 min	Hand out a copy of the co				WHOLE CLASS
READING			t kind of text is this? What do yo		?	
			ver read a magazine or a newsp			
			ry: Primatologist, chimps, to pat,			
WHILE	10 min	<ul> <li>Divide the class in groups of 3 and number them 1 - 2 - 3 for a jigsaw reading activity.</li> <li>1st Reading: Individually Identify the gist. Group 1: Read guestions number 1 and 2. Group 2: Read. INDIVIDUAL</li> </ul>				
READING	10 111111	1st Reading: Individually. Identify the gist. Group 1: Read questions number 1 and 2. Group 2: Read   INDIVIDUAL questions number 3, 4 and 5. Group 3: Read questions number 6 and 7.				
112/13/110		<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Reading: Individually. Take notes of main ideas. Think, pare and share (thinking routine).</li> </ul>				
POST	30 min	1st Ss gather with other Ss who belong to the same number group. Share their notes and agree on IN GROUPS				
READING main points.						
			eir group of origin, share their id	eas, and complete		
		BACK UP ACTIVITIES	pe/rcL4inGTL1U •		POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ DIFFIC	
Watch a vide	Watch a video about Jane Goodall <a href="https://youtu.be/rcL4jnGTL1U">https://youtu.be/rcL4jnGTL1U</a>				ne article: it has been transformed ding.	d into a jigsaw reading activity



SOURCE: National Geographic Kids. 4 Rainforest edition. 2022



# New vocabulary

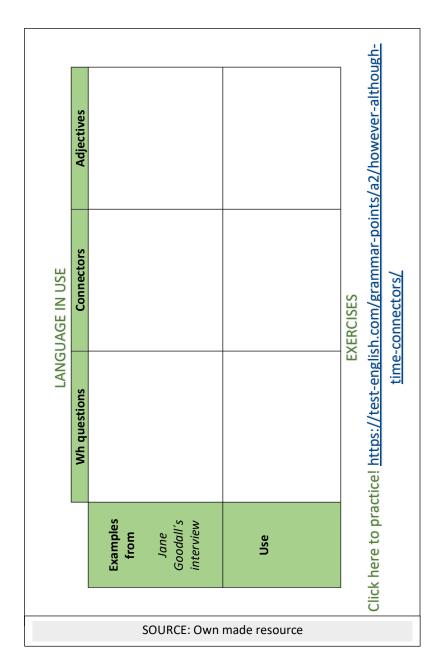
Jigsaw Reading activity: Note taking

SOURCE: Own made resource



SOURCE: www.twinkl.es

ENGLISH	ł		YEAR 4			
			SESSION 7: NON – FICT	ION: ART	TICLE	
		PROJECT:	HOW WE EXPRESS OUR	SELVES.	UNIT 6: LITERATURE	
SPECIFIC COMPETEN		CONTENT	TEACHING OBJECT	IVES	LEARNING OUTCOMES SWAT	ASSESSMENT METHOD
<ul> <li>Receptive ski</li> <li>Productive sk</li> <li>Productive/ Interaction ski</li> <li>Learning strat</li> <li>Self-reflection</li> </ul>	ills ills tegies	<ul> <li>Language in use:         Subordinate clauses,         Describe         people/animals/         characters. Review         "Wh" questions</li> <li>Speaking: face to face         conversations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.</li> <li>Develop basic digital competence.</li> <li>Scan a text to locate specific information.</li> <li>Join conversations, share their ideas and opinions using subordinate clauses and "Wh" questions.</li> <li>Describe a character.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Completed worksheet.</li> <li>Checklist on content and language</li> <li>Observational forms on attitude.</li> </ul>	
PREVIOU KNOWLED			MATERIALS			
<ul> <li>"Wh" questions.</li> <li>Some adjectives and connectors.</li> <li>Copies of the worksheets.</li> <li>Laptops and Internet connections.</li> </ul>		Text in bigger font.		Classroom working area.		
STAGE	TIME	ACTIVITIES			GROUPING	
WARM UP	10 min	In groups, scan Jane's Goodall article and locate: 3 different "wh "questions used, 5 examples of the most common connectors and 6 adjectives she uses to describe chimps. Complete the given table with the sentences.			IN GROUPS	
PRESENT	10 min	When and why do we use connectors? Why do we need to use adjectives when describing?  Complete the given table.  WHOLE CLASS				WHOLE CLASS
PRACTICE	15 min	Online exercises to reinforce its use.			INDIVIDUAL	
PRODUCE	20 min	Interview your partner using the given template about their favourite book or movie character. Write down their answers.			IN PAIRS	
		BACK UP ACTIVITIES			POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ D	IFFICULTIES
Extend the int	Extend the interview in pairs to a whole class mingling activity.			If the In	ternet connection fails, back up acti	vities would be done instead.





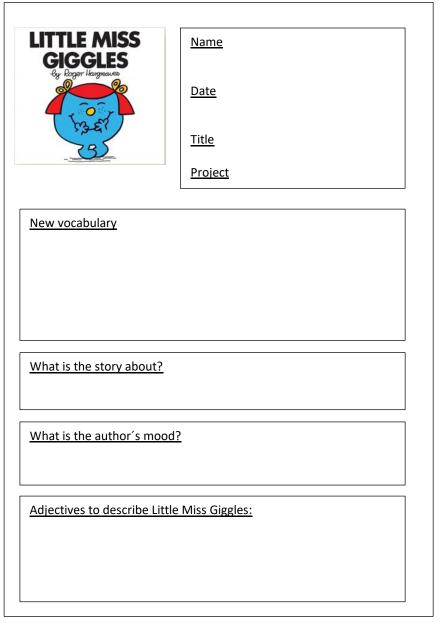
# SUPPORT MATERIAL **Character Description Character Description**

SOURCE: www.twinkl.es

**LANGUAGE IN USE:** INTERVIEW about favourite book or movie character. Remember to use connectors! Who is your favourite character? Why? What book or movie is he or she from? How is she or he? Describe them with as much detail as possible.

SOURCE: Own made resource

ENGLISH WEDNESDAY, 18 <sup>TH</sup> JANUARY an			∕, 18 <sup>™</sup> JANUARY and THU	IRSDAY, 19 <sup>™</sup> JANUARY	YEAR 4	
		SESS	IONS 8 and 9: FICTION:	SHORT STORY		
		PROJECT: HO	OW WE EXPRESS OURSE	LVES. <b>UNIT 6:</b> LITERATURE		
SPECIFIC COMPETEN		CONTENT	TEACHING OBJECTIVE	ES LEARNING OUTCOMES SWAT	ASSESSMENT METHOD	
<ul> <li>Receptive sk</li> <li>Productive s</li> <li>Interaction s</li> <li>Learning stra</li> <li>Self-reflectio</li> <li>Cultural awa</li> </ul>	kills kills ategies n skills	<ul> <li>Genres: Fiction.</li> <li>Listening and Speaking: share ideas and opinions</li> </ul>	Guarantee learning     Identify the gist and infer the		<ul> <li>Completed worksheet.</li> <li>Checklist on content and language</li> <li>Observational forms on attitude.</li> </ul>	
PREVIOU KNOWLED		MATERIALS MATERIALS			SPACES	
Present Simple past.	simple,	<ul> <li>GENERAL</li> <li>Copies of the story: Little Miss Giggles</li> <li>Worksheet.</li> <li>Audio book with visual aids.</li> <li>Varied grouping</li> </ul>		Reading area.		
STAGE	TIME	- Workeneot.	ACTIVITIES	variou grouping	GROUPING	
WARM UP	DAY 1 5 min	Introduce Little Miss and Little	Mister series.		WHOLE CLASS	
PRE- READING	DAY 1 15 min					
WHILE READING	DAY 1 35 min DAY 2 10 min	<ul> <li>1<sup>ST</sup> Reading: Watch the video and follow the reading: <a href="https://youtu.be/MILExdW_kY">https://youtu.be/MILExdW_kY</a></li> <li>Gist question: What is the story about? What is the author's mood? What makes you say that? (thinking routine)</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> Reading: Read aloud taking turns. How is its main character? Find adjectives to describe her.</li> </ul>				
POST READING	DAY 2 45 min				INDIVIDUAL, IN PAIRS AND WHOLE CLASS	
	BACK UP ACTIVITIES			POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ DIFFICULTIES		
<ul> <li>In the reading corner, have a look at other titles from the series.</li> <li>Draw your favourite character from the series.</li> </ul>				ength of the story: It has been divided into 2 swice and complete the suggested comprehens		



<u>Name</u>		
<u>Date</u>		



#### Questions

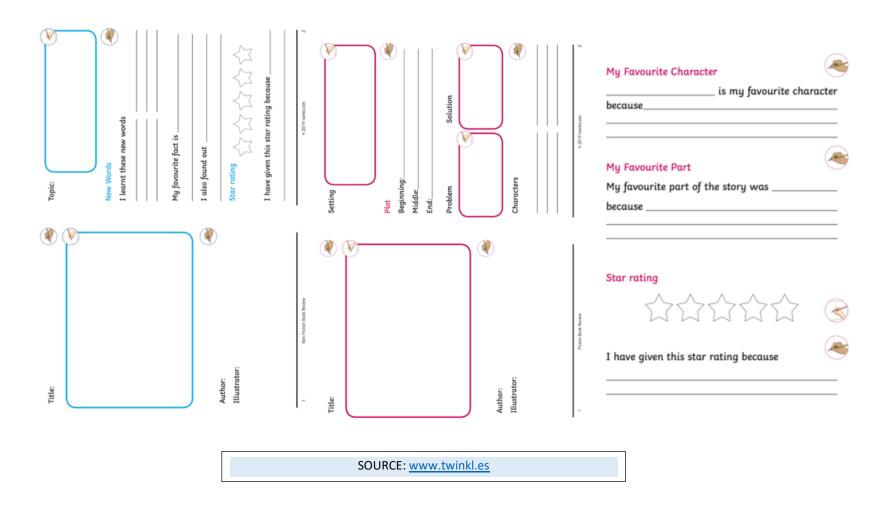
- 1. When and where did Little Miss Giggles lose her giggle?
- 2. Who did she find on her walk?
- 3. Who tried to help her but couldn't?
- 4. How does Mr. Topsy Turby speak?
- 5. What is the name of the doctor?
- 6. What did Mr. Happy give Little Miss Giggles as a present?

**Dictation** 

ENGLISH				YEAR 4		
		PROJECT	SESSION 10: BC		JNIT 6: LITERATURE	
SPECIFIC COMPETENC		CONTENT	TEACHING OBJ	ECTIVES	LEARNING OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENT METHOD
<ul> <li>Receptive skil</li> <li>Productive skil</li> <li>Interaction skil</li> <li>Learning strat</li> <li>Self-reflection</li> </ul>	ills Ils. egies	<ul> <li>Writing: book review</li> <li>Short presentation about their book review</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guarantee learning inclusion.</li> <li>Encourage reading.</li> <li>Promote significant learning: autonomy and self-reflection.</li> <li>Acquire the communicative competence in the English language.</li> <li>Use the appropriate lay to write a book review.</li> <li>Deliver a short presentation to their classmates about their book review.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>to write a book review.</li> <li>Deliver a short         presentation to their         classmates about their</li> </ul>	Checklist on content and language
PREVIOUS KNOWLED	PREVIOUS MATERIALS			ALS		SPACES
<ul> <li>Bring a book choice that the previously real simple passed in the present simple.</li> </ul>	of their ley have ld. st and	GENERAL  • Book review template.		ATTENTION TO DIVERSITY     Writing prompts.     Individual support.     More time to finish the task.		Reading area
STAGE	TIME		ACTIVIT	TIES		GROUPING
WARM UP	5 min	Hand out the book review to Review its main features.	Hand out the book review template.  Review its main features.  WHOLE CLASS			
WRITING TIME SPEAKING ACTIVITY	15 min 30 min	Main task: complete a book review following the given template.  Divide the class in 2.  Share their book review with half of the class taking turns. When finish, swap with the other half.  Ss should make two questions to each student presenting using "Wh" questions.			INDIVIDUAL DIVIDE CLASS IN TWO HALVES	
	BACK UP ACTIVITIES			January Goning VV	POSSIBLE BARRIERS/ D	IFFICULTIES
Search information about The Beatles and listen to some of their songs with lyrics (next session task)			Time coufollowing		ate – the activity could continue the	

# Non - Fiction Book Review

# **Fiction Book Review**



# ANNEX II: Additional documents

# Bilingual schools' English syllabus

#### 4.3. Second Cycle: General skills, tasks and language

Listening and speaking	Reading	Writing	Language children are exposed to
Understand key words/phrases/information in recorded dialogues, monologues, face-to-face conversations between friends, relatives/the public, in an informal or neutral style.  Join conversation, ask for repetition or clarification, restate what was said, check meaning/intention, ask for/give spelling/meaning of words, ask for confirmation (e.g. It's red, isn't it'?). Ask and answer questions about oneself, others, objects, situations, everyday life, activities (routines, habits), (in)ability, dates, times, processes, make arrangements, explain/give reasons, express opinions, needs and wants, talk about (im)probability and (im)possibility, express degrees of certainty/doubt, express/respond to thanks, make/grant/refuse simple requests, make/respond to apolgies/excuses, give advice, warnings, state prohibitions, agree, disagree, contradict, pay compliments, sympathize.  Ask for a description of someone/thing, reasons for doing something, degree of something (how tall, how long), identify/describe people (personal appearances, qualities), objects (shape, size, weight, colour, purpose, qualities), objects (shape, size, weight, colour, purpose, qualities), objects (shape, size, weight, colour, purpose and cause).  Ask for and give simple directions/locations, travel information, simple information about places, order and buy food/drink, talk about quantities/cost.  Describe present/past events, experiences/recently completed actions, interrupted past states, future plans/intentions, predictions and probability, describe experiences/events, give reasons/explanations for opinions/plans, make simple comparisons, talk about likes/dislikes, describe manner/frequency, use dates, months and seasons.  Give a short, rehearsed, basic presentation on a familiar topic or subject.  Understand and tell simple stories (with pictures).	Understand high frequency and key vocabulary.  Understand and match words to definitions.  Use contextual, graphic, grammatical and phonological knowledge to understand the meaning of some new words in context.  Understand short statements, texts, poems and written dialogues.  Understand forms requesting personal information.  Understand the main idea and key information in simple signs and notices (e.g. those found in schools, railway stations, airports, shops, restaurants), newspaper and magazine articles, emails, adverts, tourist brochures, instructions, recipes, diary entries, simplified encyclopaedia entries.  Understand the main idea and some details in a story.	Write words in gaps.  Write headings, captions and glossaries.  Write simple sentences with correct punctuation.  Use apostrophes to spell contracted forms (e.g. can't, it's).  Complete forms giving personal information and write numbers 1 - 100.  Write key words in a short letter, a note, email message or diary entry.  Write a short message to a friend (e.g. invitations, arrangements for meeting people, apologies for missing a class, notes, or a postcard about 30 words long).  Use models to write descriptions of characters, and short stories with a beginning, middle and end, dialogues and simple plays.  Write with reasonable phonetic accuracy (but not fully standard spelling) short common words.	Grammar  Pronouns: impersonal you, indefinite pronouns (any/everyone etc.).  Nouns/noun phrases: past time (e.g. yesterday, last night), abstract and compound nouns, double genitive (a friend of theirs).  Adjectives: material, shape, size, evaluative, opposites (happy/unhappy), for quantity and measuring (a few, a piece of, enough, half, many, much), frequency (every day, once a week), comparatives and superlatives, quality, order of adjectives, participles as adjectives.  Verb forms: present simple for systems and processes, with future meaning, present continuous, simple past (regular and irregular), past continuous, present perfect for recent/unfinished past, future (be going to, will), present and past simple passive, infinitives and gerunds after verbs and adjectives, prepositions, as subjects and objects, modals: can and can't for ability, let's/shall we/could/should for suggestions, may (possibility), need (necessity), needn't (lack of necessity), interrogatives: What (time), What is (John) like? What does x taste, sound, feel, look like?, tag questions, subordinate clauses after sure, certain, following know, think, believe, hope, say, tell, when, where, because.  Adverbs: degree (enough, too), time (sometimes, never, always), place (any/every/somewhere), manner and frequency (regular and irregular forms), sequencers (first, nex, etc.), different position of adverbs.  Prepositions: movement, time, place, phrases - at the end of, by car, for sale, on holiday, etc.  Vocabulary/themes  personal hygiene (the body), the senses, patterns, materials, communication (computers, phones, letters, cards), free time, hobbies, sports, holidays, weather and seasonal activities, places in local area (library, restaurant, shopping centre), directions, school subjects, safety tips (for school, cooking, science experiments, arts, crafts, home, roads), food (growing and producing), living things (animals in danger), jobs and the world of work, shopping, cost/amounts, folklore/fantasy, numbers 1-1000, times, dates.  Pronunc

Tuesday, ST Patrick's Day, World Book Day), greetings in different countries, rules and ways of behaving in public places (queuing, shopping exchanges, introducing people, more formally, addressing somebody e.g. Mr, Ms etc.), folkore, fantasy.

Yalues: Being aware of others around you, being tidy, taking care of personal belongings, respecting nature (recycle, reduce, reuse, not dropping litter), helping elderly and people with disabilities, working in teams and groups, protecting animals in danger.

BOCM-20110121-15

Blanca Tafalla González

Programación inglés 78

**BOLETÍN OFICIAL DE LA COMUNIDAD DE MADRID** 

# General Primary English syllabus - under LOMLOE

I	BOCM
B	O.C.M. Núm. 169
	COMPETENCIAS ES

#### BOLETÍN OFICIAL DE LA COMUNIDAD DE MADRID

#### BOLETÍN OFICIAL DE LA COMUNIDAD DE MADRID

#### **BOLETÍN OFICIAL DE LA COMUNIDAD DE MADRID**

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COMPETENCIAS	ESPECÍFICAS	CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN	
COMPETENCIAS ESPECÍFICAS  6. Apreciar y respetar la diversidad de ortos contextos a partir de la lengua extranjera identificando y valorando las diferencias y emiginazas entre lenguas y culturas, para aprender a gestionar situaciones entre diferentes culturas.		Actuar con respeto en situaciones con diferentes culturas, identificando y comparando semejanzas y diferencias elementales entre lenguas y culturas, y mostrando rechazo feneta el discriminaciones y prejuicios y de cualquier tipo en contextos comunicativos cotidanos y habituales.     Reconocer y aprinciar la diversidad de otros paleses donde se habita la lengua extranjera como fuente de enriquecimiento personal, mostrando interés por comperende relementos de su lengua y su cultura y que fomenten la convivencia pacifica y el respeto por los demás.     Seleccionar y aplicar, de forma guiada, estratagias básicas para entender y apreciar los aspectos más relevantes de la diversidad de la lengua, lingüística, de la cultura y el arte.	
		CONTENIDOS	
BLOQUES		CONOCIMIENTOS, DESTREZAS Y ACTITUDES	
	- Estratogias b su conocimio ubica las pa de textos ora	za y reflexión sobre el aprendizaje. El error como parte integrante del proceso de y como instrumento de mejora. sideixa de uso commo para la comprensión y la producción (vuelve a leer el texto, usa ento previo, lee entre líneas, usa las pistas del contexto, piensa en voz alta, resume, abbars calve, hace predicciones, visualiza, analiza imagenes y fotos, imita, replac) lee, escritos y multimodales breves, sencillos y contextualizados en lengua inglesa. So, destrezas y actifudes elementales que permete iniciarse en actividades de	
	participación comunicative varios interle salvar las dif - Funciones c despedirse, gustos y las actividades, describir ruti lengua ingle:	en situaciones cotidianas básicas, en las que se utilicen gradualmente estrategias so que ayuden a resolver conflictor, mejorar la comunicación o servir de enlace entre coutores en la misma o en diferentes lenguas, crear relaciones, flegar a acuerdos cerencias culturalesmédante actividas de empatia y cobiaboración mutua. omunicativas básicas de uso común adecuadas al ámbito y al contexto: saludar, siculpanse, apardeor, podir u oferce ayuda, presentar y presentanse, expresar los preferencias, el acuerdo o desacuerdo, el sentimiento, la intención; describir personas, objetos y hugares; podir e intercambier información sobre cuestiones codidianas; nas; dar indicaciones el instrucciones; expresar el tiempo, la cantidad y el espacio en se.	
A. Comunicación	<ul> <li>Modelos contextuales y gêneros discursivos básicos de uso común en la comprensión, producción y oporpolación de textos o reales, secritos y multimodales, breves y secnicilos, leterarios y no literarios en lengua inglesa, tales como cuentos, leyendas, artículos, emais, comics, folletos, instrucciones, normas, aviseo o conversaciones reguladoras de la convivencia, con relativa corrección fondicia, utilizando conectores sencillos, cuidando su presentación y revisando y autocorrigiendo los textos producidos. Identificación y comprensión de palabras cileve e ideas principales. Estrategias interactivas, un interactarilo vertally colectivo de ideas.</li> </ul>		
	como expres	<ul> <li>Unidades del lenguaje básicas de uso común y significados asociados a dichas estructuras, tales como expresión de la entidad y sus propiedades, cantidad y número, espacio y las relaciones espaciales, afirmación, exclamación, negación, interrogación en lengua inglesa.</li> </ul>	
	próximas, vi información correctos. Es	Léxico elemental de alta frecuencia y de interés para el alumnado relativo a relaciones personales próximas, vivienda, lugares y enformos cercanos en inglés. Emisión de palabras dave, frases e información de mensages breves con una promuciación, acentiación, entonación y rifmo correctos. Estrategias para la comprensión de mensajes producidos con distintos acentos de la lengua rigides.	
	generales as de palabras poesías, qui	nons, acentuales y de entonación básicos de uso común, y funciones comunicalivas concidars a dichos parfornes. Diferencias fondicas básicos de la lenguia rigidas a través o, oraciones sencillas, canciones, fimas, retahilas, trabalenguas, chistes básicos, propiedad de la compania de la comunicación de la comunicac	
	- Convencione	es ortográficas básicas de uso común y significados asociados a los formatos y	

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	elementos gráficos. El sonido y nombre de las letras del alfabeto. D puntuación, las mayúsculas y los apóstrofes.	eletreo. Uso correcto de
	<ul> <li>Convenciones y estrategias conversacionales básicas verbales o no físico, expresiones faciales, posturas corporales) de uso común, e cara, por teléfono, video filamada, videoconferencia) o asincrono contacto social (glataformas, apps, redes sociales) para iniciar comunicación, tomar y ceder la palabra, pedir y dar indicaciones en in</li> </ul>	n formato sincrono (cara o en las que se establec mantener y terminar
	<ul> <li>Recursos para el aprendizaje y estrategias elementales de búsqued medios analógicos y digitales. (contexto, conocimiento previo, identifici filtrar resultados, elegir los términos precisos, utilizar la búsquei contrastar los datos, valorar y seleccionar la información)</li> </ul>	ación de información básic
	<ul> <li>Herramientas analógicas y digitales básicas de uso común para la coproducción oral, escrita y multimodal; y plataformas virtuales de educativa. Uso guiado, limitado y responsable de las herramientas dig</li> </ul>	interacción y colaboració
B. Plurilingüismo	<ul> <li>Estrategias y técnicas de compensación de las carencias comunicat aclaración, búsqueda de recursos para entender el discurso, desc verbal) para responder a una necesidad elemental, a pear de lata- nivel de competencia en la lengua extranjera y en las demás lenguas, lenguas, conccimiento des su funcionamiento desde el respeto, la tole</li> </ul>	lipciones, comunicación re limitaciones derivadas d Interés y curiosidad por la
	<ul> <li>Estrategias básicas de uso común para identificar, retener, recup- lenguale (féxico, morfosintaxis, patrones sonoros, etc.) tales com la estrategias de la lengua castellaria, uso de imágenes, diagramas, pós diccionarios personales de imágenes, mapas mentales, canciones de las lenguas y variedades que conforma el repertorio lingúlistico pr</li> </ul>	ransferencia y aplicación o teres, fichas de vocabulari a partir de la comparació
	<ul> <li>Iniciación a estrategias y herramientas básicas de evaluación de u analógicas y digitales, individuales y grupales. Rúbricas, diarios de estimación, bloc de autoevaluación, listas de cotejo</li> </ul>	
	Léxico y expresiones elementales para comprender enunciados sobre y el aprendizaje (motalenguaje). Estrategias metalingúlisticas del discur contextuales, tales como el tema general, chras palabras del discur paralelismos); la estructura gramaticat; la morfología (análisis de los petc.); la enfonación (fabila y la puntuación (escritura).	rencia a partir de las pista o (redundancias, anáfora
	La lengua extranjera como medio de comunicación y relación con p como medio para conocer culturas y modos de vida diferentes. La cu de otras realidades sociales y culturales, de otras lenguas, partiendo tolerancia por el interlocutor, sus costumbres, tradiciones, convencioneste, valores y su cultura.	iosidad por el conocimient de posiciones de respeto
C. Interculturalidad	<ul> <li>Interés en la participación en intercambios comunicativos planifica medios (cartas, e-mails, video llamadas, videoconferencia presentaciones) con estudiantes de la lengua extranjera.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Aspectos de la lengua, la cultura y la sociedad más significativos re vida cotidiana y las relaciones interpersonales básicas en países extranjera. La música y la lateratura inglesas como simbolos de io motivador de transmisión de culturas y conocimientos. Fórmulas de intercambios sociales.</li> </ul>	donde se habla la lengu entidad cultural y vehícu
	<ul> <li>Estrategias básicas de uso común para entender y apreciar las divers a partir de valores sociales y medioambientales y democráticos. La re del aula como fuente de riqueza cultural.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Estrategias básicas de uso común de detección de usos discriminator verbal.</li> </ul>	ios del lenguaje verbal y r

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	Expresión de relaciones lógicas: Conjunción (and); disyunción (or); oposición (but); cau (because); finalidad (to-infinitive, eg. I did it to help her).
	- Afirmación: affirmative sentences; Yes (+tag).
	Exclamación: What + noun (e.g. What funl); How + Adjective (e.g. How exciting!); exclamato sentences (e.g. I love rainbows!).
	- Negación: negative sentences with not, never; No (adj.) nobody, nothing. No (+ negative tag).
	- Interrogación: Wh- questions; Auxiliary verbs in questions: to do, to be, to have.
	Expresión del tiempo: presente (simple present; present continuous), pasado (simple past); futu (going to).
	Expresión del aspecto: puntual (simple tenses); durativo (present continuous); habitual (simple tenses [+Adverb eg. always, everyday]); incoativo (start-ing); terminativo (finish-ing).
	Expresión de la modalidad: factualidad (declarative sentences); capacidad (can); obligación (ha (got) to; imperative); sugerencia (should); permiso (can); intención (going to).
Contenidos sintáctico- discursivos	Expresión de la existencia (to be; there is/there are); la entidad (nouns, pronouns, article demonstratives); la cualidad (very + Adj.); la comparación (comparatives and superlatives: as A as; taller (han); the smallest).
	<ul> <li>Expresión de la cantidad: singular/plural; cardinal numbers up to three digits; ordinal numbers to two digits. Quantity: many, all, some, many, a lot, (a) little, more, half, a bottle/cup/glass/pie of. Degree: very, enough.</li> </ul>
	Expresión del espacio: prepositions, prepositional phrases, adverbs of location, position, distant motion, direction and origin.
	<ul> <li>Expresiones temporales: points (e.g. quarter past five); divisions (e.g. haif an hour, summer), a indications of time (e.g. now, tomorow (morning); duration (e.g. for two days); anteriority (befor posteriority (after); sequence (first, then); frequency (e.g. sometimes, on Fridays); preposition prepositional phrases and adverbs of time.</li> </ul>
	- Expresión del modo: Adv. of manner (e.g. slowly, well, quickly, carefully).
	- Expresión de la posesión: I have got (I've got); preposición of; genitivo sajón ('s); possessives.
	- Expresión de gustos y preferencias: I like/I don't like; I like verb- ing; I love.

TERCER CICLO		
COMPETENCIAS ESPECÍFICAS	CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN	
Comprender el sentido general e información especifica y predecible de textos breves y soncillos, expresados de forma clara y en la lengua estándar, haciendo uso de diversas estrategias y ecrumiendo, cuando sea necesario, al uso de distintos tipos de apoyo, para desarrollar el repertorio del lenguaje y para responder a necesidades comunicativas colidanas.	Reconocer, interpretar y analizar el sentido global, así como palabras y frases específicas de textos orales, escribos y mutimodales breves y sercillos sobre temas frecuentes y codidantos de relavencia personal y codiantos de relavencia personal y adecuados al nivel de desarrollo del alumendo, expresados de forma comprensible, clara y en lengua estandar a travele de distintos soportes.     Seleccionar, organizar y apricar, de forma guidad, estrategias y conocimientos decuados en labusciones comunicativas codicianas y de relevancia para el alumendo para captar el sentido global y procesar informaciones espícitatas en tectos diversos en lengua inglesa.	

# Evaluation criteria

# **■BOCM**

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BLOQUES	CONOCIMIENTOS, DESTREZAS Y ACTITUDES		
C. Interculturalidad	<ul> <li>La lengua extranjera como medio de comunicación y relación con personas de otros países.</li> <li>Realidades sociales y culturales de otras lenguas, respeto y tolerancia por el interiocutor, sus costumbres, tradiciones y su cultura.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Aspectos del lenguaje, de la cultura y de la sociedad, elementales y más significativos relativos a las costumbres y la vida cotidiana en países donde se habla la lengua extranjera.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Iniciación en las estrategias básicas de uso común para entender y apreciar la diversidad de la lengua, la cultura y el arte, a parir de valores sociales y medioambientales y democráticos. La realidad de las lenguas del aula como fuente de riqueza cultural.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Iniciación en las estrategías básicas de detección de usos discriminatorios del lenguaje verbal y no verbal.</li> </ul>		
	- Expresión de relaciones lógicas: conjunción (and); disyunción (or).		
	- Afirmación: affirmative sentences; Yes (+tag).		
	- Negación: negative sentences with not, no (Adj.).		
	- Exclamación: exclamatory sentences (e.g. I love bananas!); How + Adjective (e.g. How beautiful!)		
	<ul> <li>Interrogación: Wh- questions (What; Where; How many; who). Auxiliary verbs in questions: to be to do.</li> </ul>		
	- Expresión del tiempo: presente (simple present).		
	<ul> <li>Expresión del aspecto: puntual (simple tenses); durativo (present continuous); habitual (simple tenses [+Adverb eg. always, everyday]).</li> </ul>		
D. Contenidos sintáctico-	- Expresión de la modalidad: permiso (can), capacidad (can), obligación (have (got) to); imperative		
discursivos	<ul> <li>Expresión de la existencia (to be; there is/are); la entidad (nouns, pronouns, articles demonstratives); la cualidad ([very]+) Adj.).</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Expresión de la cantidad: (singular/plural; cardinal numbers up to two digits; ordinal numbers up to one digit; quantity: many, some, more, (a) little, more. Degree: very.</li> </ul>		
	- Expresión del espacio: prepositions and adverbs of location, position.		
	<ul> <li>Expresiones temporales: divisions (e.g. summer) indications of time (e.g. now, tomorrow) frequency (e.g. sometimes, on Saturdays); prepositions and adverbs of time.</li> </ul>		
	- Expresión del modo: Adv. of manner (e.g. slowly, well).		
	- Expresión de la posesión: I have got (l've got); preposición of.		
	- Expresión de gustos y preferencias: I like/I don't like; I like verb- ing.		

SEGUNDO CICLO	
COMPETENCIAS ESPECÍFICAS	CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN
Comprender el sentido general e información específica y predecible de textos breves y sencillos, expresados de forma cilara y en la lengua estándar, haciendo uso de diversas estrategías y recurriendo, cuando sea necesario, al	1.1. Reconcer e interpretar el sentido glebal, sel como palabras y frases previamente indicadas, en tendo oriente, actorios y multimodates beves sencillos, sobre temas frecuentes y coditános de relevancia personal y próximos a su experiencia, así como de tentos de foción adecuados al nivel de desarrollo del alumnado, expresados de forma comprensible, clara y en lengua estálnida a travele de districtos esportes.
uso de distintos tipos de apoyo, para desarrollar el repertorio del lenguaje y para responder a necesidades comunicativas cotidianas.	1.2. Seleccionar y aplicar, de forma guiada, estrategias adecuadas en situaciones comunicativas cotidianas y de relevancia para el alumnado, para captar el sentido global y procesar informaciones explicitas en textos breves y sencillos sobre temas familiares en lengua inglesa.



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COMPETENCIAS ESPECÍFICAS	CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN
Producir textos sencillos de manera comprensible y estructurada, mediante	2.1. Expresar oralmente frases cortas con información básica sobre asuntos colcilianos y de relevancia para el alumnado, utilizando, de forma guiada, recursos verbales y no verbales, prestando atención al ritmo, la acentuación y la entonación propios del inglés.
el empleo de estrategias como la planificación o la compensación, para expresar mensajes breves relacionados con necesidades inmediatas y	2.2. Redactar textos muy breves y sencillos, con adecuación a la situación comunicativa propuesta, a partir de modelos y a través de herramientas analógicas y digitales, usando estructuras y léxico elemental de la lengua inglesa, sobre asuntos colidianos y de relevancia personal para el alumnado.
responder a propósitos comunicativos cotidianos.	2.3. Seleccionar y aplicar, de forma guiada, estrategias para producir mensajes breves y sencillos en inglés, adecuados a las intenciones comunicativas, usando, con ayuda, recursos y apoyos físicos o digitales en función de las necesidades de cada momento.
Interactuar con otras personas usando expresiones cotidianas, recurriendo a estrategias de colaboración y empleando recursos analógicos y digitales, para responder a necesidades inmediatas de su interás en	3.1. Participar en situaciones interactivas breves y sencillas sobre temas cotidianos, de relevancias personales y próximas a su experiencia, preparadas previamente, a través de diversos esportes, apoyrándose en recursos tales como la repetición, el ritmo pausado o el lenguale no verbal, y mostrando respeto por la cortesia del lenguale y la etiquade digital.
intercambios comunicativos respetuosos con las normas de cortesía.	3.2. Seleccionar y utilizar, de forma guiada y en situaciones cotidianas, estrategias elementales para saludar, despedirse y presentarse; expresar mensajes breves; y formular y contestar preguntas sencillas en lengua inglesa.
Participar en situaciones predecibles, usando estrategias y conocimientos para procesar y transmitir información	4.1. Interpretar y explicar textos, conceptos y comunicaciones breves y sencillas, de forma guiada, en situaciones en las que atender a la diversidad, mostrando empatía e interés por los interfecutores e inferioculoras y por los problemas de entendimiento en su entorno más próximo, apoyándose en diversos recursos y soportes.
básica y sencilla, con el fin de facilitar la comunicación.	4.2. Seleccionar y aplicar, de forma guiada, estrategias elementales que ayuden a crear puentes y faciliten la comprensión y producción de información y la comunicación, usando, con ayuda, recursos y apoyos físicos o digitales en función de las necesidades de cada momento.
Reconocer y usar los repertorios	<ol> <li>Comparar y contrastar las similitudes y diferencias entre distintas lenguas reflexionando, de forma guiada, sobre aspectos básicos de su funcionamiento.</li> </ol>
lingüísticos personales entre distintas lenguas, reflexionando sobre su funcionamiento e identificando las	5.2. Utilizar y diferenciar, de forma guiada, los conocimientos y estrategias de mejora de su capacidad de comunicar y de aprender la lengua extranjera, con apoyo de otros participantes y de soportes analógicos y digitales.
estrategias y conocimientos propios, para mejorar la respuesta a necesidades comunicativas concretas	5.3. Registrar y aplicar, de manera guiada, los avances y dificultades elementales en el proceso de aprendizaje de la lengua extranjera, reconociendo los aspectos que ayudan a mejorar y participando en actividades de



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COMPETENCIAS ES	PECÍFICAS	CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN
Apreciar y respetar la diversidad de otros contextos a partir de la lengua extrarjera identificando y valorando la diferencias y enterpetarza entre lenguas y culturas, para aprender a gestionar situaciones entre diferentes culturas.		S.1. Actuar con respeto en situaciones con diferentes culturas, identificando comparando semienzas y direndras del emoties entre lenguas y culturas y mostrando rechazo tente la discriminaciones y prejucicio y de cualquier sip en contestos comunicativos colidanos y habituades.      S.2. Reconocer y apreciar la diversidad de ortos países donde se habita la lengua extranjera como fuente de enriquecimiento personal, mostrando interés po comprender elementos de su tengua y su cultura y que fomenten la California de la cultura y del forma puisda, estrategias básicas para entonder - generocier de y aplicar, de forma puisda, estrategias básicas para entonder - generocier de y aplicar, de relevantes de la dicultura y el arte.
		CONTENIDOS
BLOQUES		CONOCIMIENTOS, DESTREZAS Y ACTITUDES
A. Comunicación	aprendizaje je Estrategias es su conocimie ubica las pal de textos ora comunicativa de la comunicación de la	textuales y deneros discusivos baleicos de uso común en la conspresión, producción dos bandas relasas, secritar y meltimostales, hivresy servantios, lastrandis y notico place, lates como cuestos, lavendas, anticulas, vernales, comics, folletos, instrucciones places, lates como cuestos, lavendas, anticulas, vernales, comics, folletos, instrucciones os o conversaciones reguladoras de las conviviencia, con nelativa corrección instrucciones escellos, cuidando su presentación y revisando y autoconrigiendo los tetos destribucións es encillos, cuidando su presentación y envisando y autoconrigiendo los tetos un intercambio verbal y colectivo de ideas.  Legrapia baleisas de uso común y ejiginicados asociados a dichas estructuras, tale ión de la entidad y sus propiedades, cantidad y número, espacio y las relaciones firmación, escalación, espación, interrogación en lengua inglesa.  Intal de alta frecuencia y de interés para el alumnado relativo a relaciones genorales entidad es partes entre en presentados en entre e

# Distribution of units of enquiry/projects along the school year

